DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1865. NO. 110.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Editor and Proprietor.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday.

TERMS:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

Rosin Oil! Rosin Oil!!

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE GOT their Rosin Oil Factory again in operation, and are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch.

They would call the attention of

Southern Railroad Cos, and Tanners,

particularly to this Oil, so extensively used by them during the war. A small quantity of

LARD, TALLOW OR SPERM OIL,

added to the refined

ROSIN OIL,

renders it equal to the best Sperm for

Lubricating Purposes or for Leather,

at a cost of one third of the price of the latter. Their

Tanner's Oil

is warranted free from Naptha. This Oil is also extensively used for

PAINTING IN ALL COLORS,

and forms a more solid and durable coating than Linseed. It is especially recommended for all surfaces exposed to the weather.

All orders addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention.

MARTIN & HALLETT,
Dec 2 99-1m. Wilmington, N C.

For Sale.

Carriage, Horses & Harness!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL A bargain in the above named, and also following articles:

1 Iron Safe. Good as when first made.
1 Cow, giving two gallons of milk, and has a calf.
4 barrels of good Flour.

All of the above will be sold cheap by early application. The Carriage and Harness is one of the best in the city of Raleigh, with Spring Cushions, and costing originally $1300.

WM. H. CROW.
Raleigh, December 1 97-tf.

Pioneer Line of Steamers

FOR

Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, via Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal.

THE COMMODIOUS STEAMERS **PIONEER** and **Commodore Adams,** will leave New [illegible] for Norfolk on *TUESDAY* of each week at 8 o'clock A M, connecting with the different lines of steamers for the above-named points. On and after the first day of December next they will leave on Tuesday and Friday of each week, making semi-weekly trips. Shippers of Goods will receive every facility and accommodation for the transportation of the same, as arrangements have been made with the different companies to forward goods to this line at low rates and without delay. Each of these steamers are capable of carrying

250 TONS OF FREIGHT,

through the canal without difficulty, as they were built expressly for the trade. They are fitted up with *STATE ROOMS* and *BERTHS* capable of accommodating thirty-five passengers. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of passengers, who will not be subject to the inconvenience of transfer to other vessels, but will be taken through direct without charge.

The tables of the steamers are liberally supplied with the best the market affords. Families traveling will find it to their interest to take this line, as they will thereby escape the danger and discomfort of a sea route, and the fatigue of railroad travel.

On the 15th of December next, if the business of the line warrants it, the steamer *Williams* will be put on the route, and tri weekly trips will be made.

For freight or passage apply to Whitford, Dill & Co., Newbern, N C.

DAVID WILLIAMS, *Proprietor.*
November 28-91-tf.

JOHN A. BAKER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office on Court House Square,
RALEIGH, N. C.

REFERENCES:

Kidder and Martin, John Dawson, Levi Hart, } Wilmington, N. C.
O S Baldwin, J L Hathaway, Francis Leiber, LL D, } New York.
Raine & Jackson, Petersburg.

Raleigh, Nov. 24-92-1mpd.

HENSHAW & THORBURN.

COMMISSION & SHIPPING MERCHANTS,

MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.

☞ Business solicited. 74 6ms.

THOMAS & CO.,

Bankers,

No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL, ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,
SOUTHERN STATE BONDS,
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
GOLD AND SILVER.

Stocks, Bonds, &c., of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.

Make Collections, with prompt returns, on all accessible points, North, South and West.

Draw Gold or Currency Drafts, of any amount, [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.

Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency, subject to check at sight.

ON HAND FOR SALE.

$300,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100 000 Seven Thirties, [different series.]
$50,000 Five-Twenties, ['62, '64 and '65 issues]
$50,000 One-Year Certificates Nov 16 85-tf

FOR RENT.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR renting the Store and rooms, belonging to the Methodist Joint Stock Publishing Company until Saturday 16th inst.

W H CUNINGGIM, Agent.
Raleigh, December 13-106-td.

NEW GOODS.

New Line Opened! Makes Two Trips to the Old Line's One!

A. CREECH HAS JUST RETURNED FROM the North, where he has bought his second supply of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Embracing the various New Styles of the Season, together with Ladies' Cloaks, Long Shawls, Breakfast Shawls, Ladies and Misses' Goods, Ladies and Misses' Hoop Skirts, Ladies and Misses' Balmoral Shoes, Gent's Boots and Shoes, Boys, Youths and Children's Boots and Shoes. Felt Hats, the Derby the Dasher, the Planter's wide brim, and other styles for Men's wear. Boys, Youths and Children's Hats. Wood and Willow Ware, Crockery and Glass Ware, and a superior lot of Family Groceries.

Take my stock altogether, I have one among the largest and most desirable and complete stocks of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods in the City.

Now, allow me to say that I bought my Goods to sell, and they must and shall be sold; but I don't expect to take a piece of poetry in one hand and a full grown humbug in the other and climb up to the clouds and fish out the birds of Paradise and gently bring them down with a placard stuck on their backs, "Selling out at Cost! selling out at cost!" No, I deal in no such humbug. I keep no such a class of Goods. I keep no time-worn, shelf-rubbed, defaced or dusty Goods—dust so thick you can rub it off with a knife. My Goods are all new, and of good styles, and I intend to sell them as low as anybody that bought goods with the expectation of paying for them, and the man that sold the goods to the man that don't intend to pay for them, is a fool—and the man that sells them is a rascal. Now this is plain talk, but 'tis no slip of the tongue. I mean what I say, and say what I mean. I have lived here and sold goods here for twenty years. I expect to remain here. I pay my taxes to support Institutions of the City, County and the State. I expect to continue to do so. I respectfully ask my old customers, my old friends and new ones to call and examine my stock. I will deal with you honest and treat you right. If I don't sell you goods as cheap as you can buy the same class of goods elsewhere I don't expect you to buy. Call at the R. Smith building, house formerly occupied by Creech & Litchford, Merchants and Auctioneers.

A. CREECH.
Raleigh, Nov. 29-96-tf.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE.

MURFREESBORO, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION WERE resumed on the first Wednesday of October last, under the following

FACULTY:

———, President and Prof. Mor. Phil.
Rev. John Williams, A. M., Prof. Lat. Lang. and Literature.
Wm M Jones, A M, Prof. Nat. Sci. and Math.
* ———, Prof Mod. Lang. and Music.
Miss Sallie M Cross, Asst. in higher Lang. and Mathematics.
Miss Millie Southall, Music.
———, Steward.

The building has been renovated and necessary supplies obtained for the accommodation of a large number of pupils. Charges as before the war.

TERMS, per session of twenty weeks, payable in currency, one-half in advance; the remainder at the end of the session:

English Branches,	$18 00
Ancient and Modern Languages—each,	7 00
Music—Piano and Guitar—each,	20 00
Use of Piano,	8 00
Use of Guitar,	2 00
Drawing, Embroidery, Wax work, &c—each	10 00
Oil Painting,	20 00
Painting in pastel and water colors,	12 00
School room expenses,	2 00
Lectures, and use of apparatus,	2 50
Board, including everything,	82 50

The blanks will be filled at an *early* date.

For additional information, address:

REV. JOHN WILLIAMS,
President (pro tem) W. F. College,
Murfreesboro, N C.
W. N. H. SMITH,
President Board of Trustees.

* Application for the chair will be received.

Dec. 6-102-tjan1.

OFFICE CHATHAM RAILROAD CO., RALEIGH, Dec. 8th, 1865.

Sale of

CARTS, WHEEL-BARROWS, &C, AT PAGE'S, WAKE CO, N. C.

ON TUESDAY THE 2ND OF JANUARY, 1866, will be sold at Auction at Pages Station, Wake county, N. C., a number of

WAGONS,
CARTS,
WHEEL BARROWS,
LOT OF TOOLS, &C.

—ALSO—

A lot of valuable Mules, and property of the Chatham Railroad Company.

Farmers will do well to lay in a supply. Terms, 6 months credit. Deduction of 6 per cent. for cash.

K. P. BATTLE,
President.

D. G. CONN, Agent.
Dec. 11-105 law tds.

OFFICE CHATHAM RAILROAD CO., RALEIGH, Dec. 8th, 1865.

Sale of

WAGONS, CARTS, &C., AT HAYWOOD, CHATHAM COUNTY, N. C.

ON WEDNESDAY THE 27TH DECEMBER, 1865, will be sold at Auction, Haywood, Chatham Co., N. C., a large number of

WAGONS,
CARTS,
HARNESS,
WHEEL-BARROWS,
SHOVELS, &C.

Also, Property of the Chatham Railroad Company. Farmers will do well to lay in a supply. Terms, 6 months credit. Deduction of 6 per cent. for cash.

K. P. BATTLE,
President.

D. G. CONN, Agent.
Dec. 11 105-law tds.

C. W. WESTBROOK, G. W. ALBRIGHT

Westbrook & Albright,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FRUIT TREES,

GRAPE VINES,
EVERGREENS,
FLOWERS,

Shrubbery, and Vegetable and Flower Seed.

WASHINGTON STREET,
Greensboro, N. C.

Standard Trees for Orchards and Dwarf Trees of all kinds for Gardens, with a choice variety of small fruits, etc., etc. List of prices sent to applicants, gratis.

Greensboro, Dec. 9-104-1m. pd.

Classical and Mathematical School.

OXFORD, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION OF J. H. HORNER'S Classical and Mathematical School, Will commence the Second Monday in January.

Oxford, Dec. 6-103-2 aw. pd-9t.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,

WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!

JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel
HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

[TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER," renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the "Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.

Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs,) Wilmington, N. C.

Dec. 4-10-tf.

Davenport Female College.

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will be resumed on Monday, the 26th of February, 1866, with a full corps of instructors. This institution is delightfully situated at Lenoir, twelve miles from Icard's Station on the Western Extension.

TERMS.

Board for twenty weeks,	$ 0 00
Tuition in English branches,	20 00
Music and use of Piano,	22 50
Drawing,	8 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Latin, Greek, French and German, each,	5 00
PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.	
Tuition in first class,	12 50
Tuition in second class,	15 00
Contingent fee to be paid by each student, on entering the College,	2 00

For circular, address until 1st of February,

REV. J. R. GRIFFITH,
Ansonville, N. C.

P.S. All of the above prices are to be paid in specie or its equivalent. dec 14 108—3ms.

HORSE TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP AT MY HOUSE ON FRIDAY MORNing last, a small sorrel mare, roached like a poney, with a small white spot on the forehead and white on her nose.

The owner can have her by proving his property and paying all expenses. I live 5 miles from Raleigh.

C. RABON.
Wake Co. Dec. 11-105 1w.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL.

RALEIGH, N. C.

RIGHT REV. THOS ATKINSON D.D., Visitor.
REV. ALDERT SMEDES D.D., Rector.
REV. BENNETT SMEDES, Assistant.

THE 47TH TERM OF THIS SCHOOL WILL COMmence January 17th, 1866, and continue twenty weeks.

Application for admission, and for full information, should be made promptly to the Rector.

December 13, 1865 106-tf.

JNO. KING, JNO. WHITELAW, WM. PEAT.

MONUMENTS! MONUMENTS!

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

King, Whitelaw & Co.,

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR OLD friends and the citizens of the State generally, that having re-opened their **MARBLE AND STONE WORKS,** on the burnt block, at

Maunder's Old Stand, Fayetteville St.,

they are now prepared to furnish

MONUMENTS,
VAULTS,
HEAD STONES,
SLABS,
MARBLE MANTLES, &c.

Having associated with us one of the best CARVERS IN THE COUNTRY, and from the arrangements we have made, we flatter ourselves that we can furnish all work in our line as cheap as it can be done in any Northern city, for proof of which, call and examine our large variety of designs and our list of prices.

We are also prepared to furnish

WINDOW SILLS,
WINDOW CAPS,
DOOR STEPS, &c., &c.

And to contract for all kinds of

STONE CUTTING AND STONE MASONRY.

KING, WHITELAW & CO.

REFERS TO

Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq., J. M. Heck, Esq., Briggs & Dodd,
Rev. Dr Mason, D. D., B. P. Williamson & Co., K. P. Battle, Esq.

September 30-47-3m.

COOKE'S HOTEL

IS open, and those who are travelling and wish comfortable quarters and good eating, stop at Cooke's. My terms will be as moderate as possible for the times. You will always find conveyance at the depot to take you to either of the Hotels in this City; but be sure to inquire for Cooke's, where you will get *good lodging, good eating, mineral water* to drink, and a *pipe* to smoke if you wish it.

I will be prepared to accommodate 15 or 20 members of the approaching Convention.

GEO. T. COOKE.
September 1, 1865 23 tf

Select School

MISS M. MITCHELL AND MRS. E. N. GRANT. Propose receiving into their family, as pupils, a few young ladies. Terms made known on application by letter or otherwise. The next session will commence January 15th, 1866.

Chapel Hill, Nov. 11-91-tf.

TURNBULL, RIACH AND MURDOCH,

16 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE. | 7 COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YORK.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarn, Sheetings and Osnaburgs, Wool and Woolen Goods.

REFERENCES:

Chas. P. Mallet, Esq.,	Chapel Hill.
Chas. B. Mallett, Esq.,	Fayetteville.
Geo. W. Williams & Co.,	Fayetteville.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq.,	Greensboro.
James Sloan, Esq.,	Greensboro.
Thomas R. Tate, Esq.,	Charlotte.
R. Mickle, Esq, Cashier Union Bank.	Baltimore.

October 2-48-1y.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NEWBERN, N. C., November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of

Whitford, Dill & Co.,

for the transaction of a Shipping and General

Commission Business,

in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.

To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and State and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.

We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.

JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.

November 29, 1865 96 tf.

MORE GOODS

AT

44 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.

IN ADDITION TO OUR LARGE STOCK OF **HARDWARE** and **HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,** we have received another lot of

BUGGY MATERIAL

Rims, Spokes, Hubs, Enamelled Cloths, Dash and Collar Leather, Bands, Clips, Shafts, &c.

—ALSO—

Rogers & Brother's Celebrated "heavy plated on Albatta."

Spoons and Forks.

Wright, Brother & Co.'s make of Umbrellas.

Bed Screws, Bedstead Joints, Tubs, Buckets, Trays, Waiters, Door Mats, Foot Scrapers, Brooms, Brushes, Spittoons.

A new Washing Machine, Well Buckets, Wheels and Rope

Conductors, Punches, Bell Cord for Rail Road Cars, Couplings &c.

Paints, Varnishes and Oils, Kerosene Oil, Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks

Cooking Stoves of the best patterns.

Pocket and Table Cutlery in great variety—and Irons, Shovels and Tongs, Pots, Ovens, Spiders Kettles, &c.

D. T. CARRAWAY,
50-3m. WITH HART & LEWIS.

HART & LEWIS,

(Established in 1853.)

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS

IN

TIN,
COPPER AND SHEET IRON,
COOKING STOVES,
—AND—
HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS
NEWBERN, N. C.
MIDDLE STREET.

A Boarding House.

Mrs. M. J. Fentress,

No 15 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH,

CAN ACCOMMODATE FROM 12 TO 14 MEMBERS of the Legislature with good large rooms, cheap Boarding, and the positive assurance that nothing shall be left undone to secure their personal comfort and convenience. Those interested in securing a home for a short time, will please make early application.

Raleigh, November 15 84-6m.

A. KLINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
BEST IMPORTED WINES & BRANDIES,
AND LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS.
GROCERIES &c., &c.,
Corner of Fayetteville and Harget Sts.,
au 8-5m RALEIGH, N. C.

VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ON THE 20TH DAY OF DECEMBER, THE SUBscribers will sell at auction, for cash, the site on the Cape Fear River at Fayetteville, where the Clarendon Bridge formerly stood, including Toll House, the Land on both sides of the River, Piers, and whatever is left of the property. The sale will be made on the express condition that the purchaser is to build a new, double track, covered bridge, the length of which will be six hundred feet or thereabout.

The site is very desirable to persons having the necessary capital for the work to be done. There is no bridge now on the river. The investment of money in this contemplated work, so near as it is to a large market town, must prove largely remunerative.

E. J. LILLY,
A. A. McKETHAN,
THOS. McDANIEL,
J. T. SHEPHERD.

Nov. 17-93-ts.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

MRS. M. A. B RAMSAY WILL ACCOMMODATE Gentlemen Boarders with meals at $10 per week. Residence near B. F. Moore, Esq., fronting Nash square.

She is also prepared to make up Dresses or do other needle work in good style.

Raleigh, Nov. 21-89-tf.

JOS. W. CARROLL, JOS. HOY, J. N. SIVEY

JOSEPH HOY & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO 126 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK

CARROLL, HOY & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
NO. 36 PERDIDO STREET,
New Orleans.

REFER TO

Messrs. W. H. & R S. TUCKER,
C. B. HARRISON, ESQ.,
B. F. MOORE, ESQ.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Oct. 17th, 1865 61-3m.

Select Boarding School for Young Ladies.

MRS. PENDER IS PREPARED TO OPEN A School for young ladies, at her residence near Salem, N. C. The location is healthy, retired and pleasant. Arrangements are being made to secure the services of competent assistants, and every facility will be afforded for the cultivation of the hearts and minds of the young ladies placed under her charge.

As the number of pupils is limited, application must invariably be made in advance.

The first session will begin on the eight of January 1865, closing on the tenth of June following. For particulars, address

MRS. M. F. PENDER,
Salem, Forsythe County, N. C.

October 20-69-3ms.

William K. Barham,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SEVERAL COURTS of Wake, Franklin, Nash, and Johnston Counties, and in the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

Special attention will be given to Conveyancing and Office Practice generally, and to the settlement and collection of claims.

Office on Fayetteville Street, No. 45.

Oct. 21-65-tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

I WILL SELL ONE HALF OR TWO THIRDS OF that valuable property, Piedmont Springs in Burke County, N. C., to any man who will reside upon the premises and give it his entire attention.

There is a gold mine upon the premises which will pay as well to work as any probably in the State. Superior water power for driving machinery. Climate and water unsurpassed, and a large quantity of superior timber. The buildings new and will accommodate 150 persons.

The soil is well adapted to the culture of the grasses, fruits, and the vine.

By a man of energy and capital, a fortune can be made here in a few years. Address,

E. C. LINDSAY, Norfolk, Va.

November 25 93-3taw2m

DENTISTRY.

J. S. MICHARD,
SURGEON DENTIST,

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Goldsboro' and vicinity. Having had fifteen years' experience in the city of Richmond, Va., feels confident of being able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

Artificial Teeth inserted from one to an entire sett, on Gold, Silver, or the Vulcanite Base. Extracting, Filling, and all other operations performed in the best manner.

If orders left with Mr. D. C. Carrington, Goldsboro, or Dr A. F. Telfair, Smithfield, will be promptly attended to.

Goldsboro, 56 3m.

PETER MALLETT,

General Commission

AND

SHIPPING MERCHANT,

NO 23 NORTH WATER ST.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES, Lumber, and other Produce for Sale or Shipping, respectfully solicited. Liberal advancements made. ☞ Orders promptly executed.

Nov 25—93-2ms.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL.

MISS MANGUM will open the seventh session of her School for young ladies, at the residence of her Mother, Mrs. Willie P. Mangum, on the 15th of January 1866.

Only a limited number of pupils can be received. They will find a home in her Mother's family. For particulars apply to

MISS M. P. MANGUM.
Flat River Orange Co., N. C.

Nov. 18-87-3m

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

June 27, 1865. 21—8m.

Watson's New Photograph Gallery.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD OF informing the citizens of North Carolina, that he has recently taken, renovated and refitted the Gallery formerly occupied by E. Hunt, where he is prepared to make all kinds of pictures in his line, from the smallest miniature to a life size Portrait in oil. None shall have an excuse for sending work in his line out of the State to be done. A call is solicited.

J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, October 4-50-3m.

DR. W. R. JONES

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Raleigh.

Office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.

Can be found at night at the residence of Rev. J. M. Atkinson.

Raleigh November 2, 1865 73 3m pd.

FOR RENT.

THE LATE RESIDENCE OF A. M. LEWIS—A large and comfortable house with eight rooms and a basement dining room, kitchen, servants and carriage house, stables, and all necessary out houses, and four acres of land containing a large garden, and nursery of choice fruit trees, handsome oak grove and excellent water on the premises. Apply to Baker, Cowper & Co. or W. H. JONES, Agent.

Raleigh, November 21 95-tf

ADVERTISING RAT

Advertisements occupying not more than 1
of minion type which constitutes a square

1 Insertion	$1.00	2 weeks
2 "	1.50	1 month
3 "	2.00	2 months
4 "	2.50	3 "
5 "	3.00	6 "
1 week	3.50	

Special notices, under a special head, will charged one dollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisem

The simple announcement of a death or marria will not be charged.

J. Q. A. BARHAM. W. K. BARHA

BARHAM & BROTHER,

AUCTION

AND

Commission Merchants

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ASSOCIATE themselves in business, and have established AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE AND GENERAL AGENCY, for the sale and purchase of all kinds of propert collecting claims, &c.

One of the firm being a practicing lawyer, will give legal advice, examine and adjust titles, draw conveyances and attend to professional business generally, both in and out of the Courts. We will be found at our office on Fayetteville Street, one door above C. M. Farriss' Store.

J. Q. A. BARHAM.
W. K. BARHAM.

Raleigh, October 6-52-tf.

LOOKING GLASSES at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

DRESSING COMBS at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

The Children not Forgotten.

DOLLS FROM 25 CENTS TO $8 00, at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

GENUINE DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO, at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, ETC., at 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

PERSONS VISITING RALEIGH, AS WELL AS citizens, are invited to call in at 44 Fayetteville Street and see the *variety of useful articles.*

D. T. CARRAWAY,
WITH HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, October 9, 1865 54-tf.

A Rare Opportunity.

WE WISH TO SELL OUR TOBACCO FACTORY and Lot in the town of Mocksville, Davie Co., N. C., together with a capital set of Machinery, viz: Two Hydraulick Pumps, one entirely new, and two Hydraulic Presses, one for shapening and one for prizing in boxes, three sets 12 inch Iron Shapeners, that work 144 lumps each, and the best patent Retainers for each, and six box Retainers with a complete set of shrouds and bands with other machinery necessary for doing a large business. The Retainers run on Rail Road, conveniently arranged.

—ALSO—

Twenty thousand pounds fine leaf tobacco. Also one large Store House and Lot, with good Cellar, Warehouse and Stables.

This property being located in the heart of a fine tobacco growing district offers inducements to purchasers but seldom met with.

CAIN & BROWN,
Mocksville, N. C.

Dec 9-101-4wtf.

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Sycamore Street, Petersburg.

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,

79 Main Street, Richmond.

BRANCH, SONS & CO.,

Augusta, Ga.

Bankers and Commission Merchants.

DEALERS IN COIN, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Exchanges, Southern Bank Notes, Stocks and Bonds.

☞ Interest allowed on Deposites. Collections made throughout the United States, and special attention given to the redemption of Southern Bank Notes for Banks' account.

☞ Liberal advancements made on consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and other products to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, Bremen and Antwerp.

They hold $100,000 Notes of the various North Carolina Banks which they will furnish at fair rates to parties wishing to purchase to pay old negotiable notes to the Banks. Dec 9-99-3m.

Lincolnton Female Seminary.

LINCOLNTON NORTH CAROLINA.

Rev. S. Lander, A. M., Principal.

THE SPRING SESSION, 1866, will begin on Monday, Jan. 1st, and continue 20 weeks. Competent teachers are engaged for the several departments, and we confidently appeal to the liberal public for a generous patronage.

RATES PER SESSION.—Board, exclusive of lights (payable in advance) $90,00; Regular Tuition, $15.00, $20.00 or $25.00; Piano Lessons, $25.00; Use of Piano, $5 00.

Pupils received at any time, and charged accordingly.

Nov. 18-tf.

Sale!

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 20TH DECEMBER, WE will sell at the late residence of Dr. H. L. Plummer, one mile south of Ridgeway, on the Raleigh and Gaston R. R., to the highest bidder:

150 fat hogs, 150 out hogs.
50 sheep.
20 horses and mules, among them 2 excellent Brood Mares.
5 yoke oxen.
30 head cattle.
500 bbls. corn, 40,000 lbs oats.
75,000 lbs fodder, a lot of shucks and peas, 75 bushels wheat.
15 barrels family flour.
2 wheat reapers and 2 wheat threshers.
3 fan mills, farming implements
household and kitchen furniture, &c., &c.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock and continue until all is sold. Terms cash.

K. PLUMMER,
R. T. ARRINGTON,
Executors.

Warren county, Nov 28th, 1865.
Dec. 5-101-tds

Notice to Merchants!

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE MA arrangements to have a regular line of [illegible] ing vessels between Baltimore and Wilm N. C., to start immediately. Merchants [illegible] purchasing goods in Baltimore, [illegible] the certainty of getting them through [illegible] d sooner, and those who wish to ship to [illegible] can do so by applying to [illegible]

No. 38 Water Street, [illegible]

Also Agents for McCready's Line of [illegible]

Agents in Baltimore [illegible]

THE DAILY SENTINEL

WM. E. PELL, Editor.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1865.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month	1 00
" two months	2 00
Semi-Weekly per year,	5 00
Weekly per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

THE PEOPLE must be trusted with their Government, and if trusted, my opinion is that they will act in good faith, and restore their former constitutional relations with all the States composing the Union.—*Andrew Johnson's Letter to Gov. Sharkey, of Mississippi*

The Radicals.

The attempt of a city cotemporary to place the *Sentinel* or its editor in political affiliation with Sumner, Stevens, &c., is really laughable. Oil and water will as soon mingle, or the poles come together, as the union of the two. It is in this way it attempts to cover up or keep out of view the striking resemblance and the rapid coalition of "strait-sectism" with extreme Northern radicalism. President Johnson's policy of reconstruction as developed in his proclamation, speeches and letters, we stand to and support. The country will come to it if the President holds to it firmly. Already, radicalism is growing weak-kneed before its power. His policy is constitutional—magnanimous in spirit and truly American in principle. Before it Northern radicalism, Tennessee, Missouri and North Carolina strait-sectism, real relics of a barbarous age and of a monarchical, puritanic spirit, must quail and expire.

The Spirit of the Press.

We have no sympathy with a licentious press. The government and its administrators are entitled to the respect, support, and consideration of the public press. Public measures and public men may be criticised under a free government, but under no circumstances, is the press at liberty to speak in terms of disrespect of rulers. The Southern States are not yet free—nor is the press free to speak out. There is a necessity for observing proper caution and propriety at all times, but especially in our present condition.

We observe that our two city cotemporaries are taking several of the presses of the State to task. They are so immaculate themselves, they are very proper guardians of the public quiet and of the government, we suppose. They too are professed friends of the people; yet by whom have they been so much abused? Who so often and so recklessly have called their loyalty in question? They have managed to have it understood at the North, that during the war, they were held in by Confederate bayonets and Confederate despotism from expressing their sentiments, and yet it is well known those papers teemed with abuse of Jeff. Davis, and his administration. Those who undertake to counsel others should always set a proper example. We shall be glad to see and to promote the improvement of all in this direction. At least we shall endeavor to act with decorum ourself.

Inauguration of Gov. Worth.

On yesterday at 12 o'clock, the oaths of office were administered to JONATHAN WORTH, Esq., Civil Governor elect by His Honor Judge Fowle, in the presence of Governor Holden, Provisional Governor, the General Assembly and a number of citizens, convened in the House of Commons. The brief but pertinent address of Gov. Worth will be found in another column. He will not of course, exercise the duties of the office until the termination of the Provisional Government.

* * *

The improved temper of the *Standard* for a few days, is gratifying to us. Men in a rage, who will not reason, we have no relish for, but it is pleasant to discuss questions with sober, discreet men, even when wedded to their errors.

We have no disposition to allude to matters which are as unpalatable to the *Standard* as the late defeat of Gov. Holden, and certainly would not now call it up but for the strange argument of that paper. Let us throw it into a syllogistic form:

"The *Sentinel* not only admits, but will insist that President Johnson is the most popular man in the State."

But "Gov. Holden is his appointee and representative, and as such has carried out his views in all respects."

Therefore, Gov. Holden is the most popular man in the State, or "if Gov. Holden is unpopular in this State, so is President Johnson."

We leave the reader to form his own opinion of the aptness or the fallacy of the argument. The whole article is filled with the like characteristic blunders, not to call them *mistakes*.

* * *

We are prepared to show, not only that the defeat of Gov Holden has damaged the cause of restoration, but that a large disloyal vote was polled against him, and that in no previous campaign in the State has there been more money expended, or more wilful and wicked falsehoods conceived, uttered and circulated, than were brought to bear against him.—*Standard.*

We promise to give a calm consideration to any sober discussion of any of the above assumptions. To make them good, the writer must draw more largely on his imagination, than ever man did. The assertion that more money was expended &c. will astound every body. The little printing that we did or know of being done, constitutes the amount of money expended. The bills on that account would not publish the Governor's proclamation three weeks, at the rates charged by one of his supporters.

Orphan's Education Fund.

At a called meeting of the Directors and Donors of this fund, held on Thursday last, it was agreed that the contributions of the donors be returned to them. This, it is said, the Treasurer is prepared to do. The Association has therefore been dissolved.

Legislature Elections.

The following officers have been elected by the Legislature during the present session:

Thomas Settle, Speaker of Senate.
J. A. Engelhard, Principal Clerk.
J. H. Albertson, Reading Clerk.
Saml. F. Phillips, Speaker of House.
Seaton Gales, Principal Clerk.
W. M. Hardy, Reading Clerk.
Jas. Page, Doorkeeper of Senate.
H. B. Kingsbury, Doorkeeper of House.
Jno Hill, Assistant Doorkeeper.
Edmund B. Freeman, Chief Enrolling Clerk.
W. M. McSween, First Assistant.
John C Hampton Second Assistant.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Hon. W. A. Graham for six years from the 4th of March last, and Hon. John Pool for the short term which will expire on the 5th of March, 1867.

SUPREME COURT.

R. M. Pearson, Wm. H Battle, Edwin G. Reade.

JUDGES AND SOLICITORS.

1st Judicial Circuit—D. A. Barnes, Judge; M. H. Eure, Solicitor.
2d Circuit—E. J. Warren, Judge; W. T. Faircloth, Solicitor.
3d Circuit—Daniel G. Fowle, Judge; Sion H. Rogers, Attorney General.
4th Circuit—R. B. Gilliam, Judge; Thomas Settle Solicitor.
5th Circuit—R. P. Buxton, Judge; Neill McKay, Solicitor.
6th Circuit—Anderson Mitchell, Judge; L. Q. Sharpe, Solicitor.
7th. Circuit—W. W. Shipp, Judge; W. P. Bynum, Solicitor.
8th. Circuit—A. S. Merrimon Judge; David Coleman, Solicitor.

STATE OFFICERS.

Robert W. Best, of Green, Secretary of State.
Kemp P. Battle, of Wake, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Comptroller.
Sion H Rogers, Attorney General.
Councillors of State—Wm. Eaton, Jr., of Warren, Daniel L. Russell, sr., of Brunswick, W. W. Lenoir of Caldwell, J. J. Yeates of Hertford, W. A. Wright of New Hanover, C. J. Cowles of Wilkes, and Henry A. Lemley of Forsythe.

Captions.

We publish the Captions of the Acts passed by the Legislature, so far as they have been completed. We are indebted to the Secretary of State for them.

Capt. Wilson.

The following decision in the case of Capt. Wilson by Judge Fowle, will be read with interest. He is in feeble health and needs clemency and consideration. We know nothing about the charges against him, but from a slight acquaintance, we take him to be a man of honorable impulses, and incapable of commiting acts of inhumanity, or of wantonly and wickedly injuring any one.

State vs. Reuben E. Wilson.

On Tuesday, December 12th, appeared before Hon. Daniel G Fowle, Judge 3d Judicial Circuit, the parties in the above cause by Hons. Sion H. Rogers, Attorney General, and Thomas Settle for the Prosecution, and Hons John A Gilmer, James M. Leach and J T Morehead for the defendant. The examination of witnesses occupied Tuesday, the arguments of the counsel Wednesday, and on Thursday His Honor Judge Fowle delivered the following opinion:

HABEAS CORPUS—EX PARTE WILSON

The petitioner is held in custody by the Sheriff of Forsythe County, under a charge of murder, by virtue of a warrant of commitment, issued by Justices of the Peace for said County.

It is not necessary for the purposes of this decision, to discuss either the law or the facts of the case, so far as they bear upon the alleged crime, and the Court does not wish to be understood as intimating our opinion, either as to the guilt or innocence of the petitioner.

It is in evidence that the time of the commission of the alleged offences was on or about the 15th day of March, 1865; and it is also shown by the testimony of a distinguished physician of this city, Dr. Wm. H McKee, that the petitioner's "general health is evidently declining, and confinement in a close prison would, in his judgment, be attended with very serious consequences if not fatal to him."

All of the elementary writers agree that a judge may in the exercise of his discretion and authority, accept bail on charges, even of murder.—1—Chitty Crim Law—98.

But this discretion is never exercised, unless there are some particular circumstances in favor of the party charged, or cogent reason to induce the court to grant the indulgence.—Petersduff on Bail—483.

Sickness or bad health has been often held to be a sufficient circumstance to justify the exercise of the discretion, especially before trial.—Ibid, 484.

It is not the object of the law to kill by confinement, and in Lord Aylesbury's case, reported in 1 Salk. 103, it was held that when a party has been confined in jail for a length of time, so as to endanger his life he may be bailed.

These cases, if I mistake not, were after indictment; the principle applies with much more force in a case like the present, which has never been submitted to the investigation of a grand jury.

There is another point presented by the evidence, to which it is proper to advert.

In the amendments to the Constitution of the United States, Art. 6—it is declared that "In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial."

That distinguished jurist Judge Heath, late one of the Judges of our Superior Court, has often declared, that it was his custom to admit to bail any person charged with murder, when the case had once been continued, upon the part of the State, and a second continuance was applied for by the prosecuting officer.

Judge Bailey, whilst riding the circuit, acted upon this rule, and at Pitt Superior Court, in 1862-'63 admitted to bail the Lathams, who were indicted for murder, upon a second continuance being granted the State.

The judicial officers of our courts of criminal judicature in exercising their functions, under the appointment of Provisional Governor, and it has been held upon the circuit, as I have been informed, by Judges Mitchell and Gilliam, that the Provisional Courts, had no power to try offences, when the offence was committed prior to the 29th May, 1865, that being the period at which the Provisional Government commenced its existence.

The point was ruled in the same way by me, at a court of Oyer and Terminer held for Randolph County in October last, and the grand jury was instructed that the only jurisdiction which could be exercised in said cases, was to hold the parties to bail, if the offence was bailable, for their appearances at the next regular term of the Superior Court.

It is entirely uncertain at what time North Carolina will be re-admitted to the Union, and the regular terms of our Superior Courts re-established.

It is considered by the Court, that the petitioner be discharged from custody, upon entering into recognizance, with approved sureties, in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars for his appearance at the first term of the Superior Court of law, to be held for Forsythe County. Let the papers be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county, who will grant copies, &c.

DANIEL G FOWLE, Judge, &c.

Raleigh, Dec 14, 1865.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Dec. 15th, 1865.

Mr. Ferebee from the committee on Military Affairs submitted the following special report, viz:

The committee on Military Affairs, who were instructed by a resolution of the Senate, to ascertain whether ammunition and arms can be immediately obtained for the State militia, organized under a recent ordinance of the Convention, have discharged that duty and submit the following report:

The committee waited upon Maj. Gen. Thos H. Ruger, commanding the department of North Carolina, at his Headquarters in Raleigh, and laid before him a copy of the Senate's resolution. At this interview, the committee stated that in their opinion, much apprehension existed in the public mind of an immediate outbreak or insurrectionary movement on the part of the negroes, during the approaching Christmas holidays, that their apprehensions proceeded from reports widely current, and believed not to be without foundation of menacing language and unexplained and significant acts—expressions of discontent proceeding from many of them, and that this uneasiness was largely increased by the fact that in some localities, and especially in the Eastern part of the State—the whole white population, to a greater or less degree, has been deprived of their arms, while on the other hand, the negroes, many of whom have been recently discharged from the military service of the United States have arms.

The committee further stated to Gen. Ruger, that even the police ordered for the several counties were imperfectly organized and poorly provided with arms, and it was important that arms should be supplied to them.

Gen. Ruger received the committee with courtesy, and was frank and unreserved, in the expression of his own views, on the subject to which his attention had been invited. From any information which he had been able to obtain, he did not regard a projected insurrectionary movement, among the freedmen, as at all probable; and if attempted, he believed the force under his command, was adequate to any emergency likely to arise. He however stated that he would embody his answer to the Senate resolution in a written communication, addressed to the chairman of the committee on military affairs. His communication has since been received.

Failing in this attempt to procure arms and ammunition, for the purpose of "enabling the militia in the State, recently organized in each county, under the ordinance of the Convention, as auxiliary to the police authorities to more effectually suppress any insurrectionary movement," the committee know of no other source from which they can be immediately obtained. They have therefore instructed me to report the resolution back to the Senate, with the accompanying answer of Maj. Gen. Ruger, and ask to be discharged from the further consideration of the same.

D. D. FEREBEE,
Chairman.

HEAD QUARTERS, DEP'T. OF N. C.,
Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 14, 1865.

HON. D. D. FEREBEE:

Chairman Senate Committee on Military Affairs, Raleigh, N. C.:

SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of copy of resolutions as follows:

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed whether or not ammunition and arms can be immediately obtained, with a view of enabling the militia of the State, recently organized in each county under an ordinance of the Convention, as auxiliary to the police authorities, to more effectually suppress any insurrectionary movement on the part of "free negroes," should they attempt it and report by bill or otherwise;" and in reply to inquiry based thereon, I have no authority to order the issue of arms or ammunition to any militia organization of the State. The manner in which such issues are made by the General Government to the several States is prescribed by act of Congress, and does not come within my province as Department commander.

The use, as stated in the resolution for which arms and ammunition are desired, is to suppress any insurrectionary movement on the part of the freedmen. The matter of a possible outbreak on the part of freedmen in certain parts of the State, during the season of the coming holidays has been brought to my attention, but I have been unable to ascertain that there is any evidence of such intention on their part. There is sufficient force at the disposal of the military authorities to enforce order.

The concentration of all colored troops, whose presence has been a source of disquiet to the people of some localities, to the sea coast. First under recent orders and the garrisoning of Stations formerly occupied by them by white troops, should when taken in connection with the fact that the troops will be so stationed as to be within easy reach of all parts of the State be sufficient to allay apprehension to be inferred as existing from the resolution above quoted.—The local police companies in localities where there are no troops stationed, would have authority to act in case of emergency with the assistance, if necessary, of the people, could promptly suppress any attempted outbreak.

Very Respectfully Your Ob't Serv't.

THOS. H. RUGER,
Brv't Maj Genl. Comd'g.

Mr. Faison from the committee of conference upon the bill regulating the salary of the Comptroller, reported that they had not been able to agree, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject at the present session.

An engrossed bill to amend an Act entitled "An Act concerning the county site of Mitchell county was under a suspension of the rules; on motion of Mr Gash, passed its several readings.

Mr. Cowles from the Committee on Claims reported favorably upon a resolution in favor of Briggs and Dodd, which on motion of Mr. Jones of Wake, passed its several readings and ordered to be engrossed.

The bill to prevent horse stealing, as amended by Mr. Howard, making the second offence punishable with death, passed its second reading.

Mr. Jones of Columbus, from the committee on Internal Improvements, reported favorably upon the bill for the relief of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad, and the bill under a suspension of the rules upon motion of Mr Columbus passed its several readings. The title was amended and ordered to be enrolled.

Mr. Cowles demanded the yeas and nays upon the passage of the bill, but was not sustained.—He desired to record his vote against it.

Mr. Wiggins from committee on Finance, reported adversely to the bill to repeal sec. 3 of an ordinance passed by the Convention to raise revenue. (Proposed to repeal the tax on liquor.)

An engrossed bill to authorize the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad to establish a Ferry at Gaston, was on motion of Mr. Howard, taken up and passed and ordered to be enrolled.

Leaves of absence for the remainder of the session were granted to Messrs. Boner and Bullock.

The hour having arrived to administer the oaths of office to the Governor elect, the Senate repaired to the Hall of the House of Commons. (See House proceedings.)

Upon the return of the Senate to their Chamber, the special order came up for consideration viz: The resolution touching the amendment to the Constitution of the United States, known as the 13th article.

Mr. Wilson advocate the passage of the resolution and *Mr.* Warren opposed.

The resolution was adopted and ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Howard introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Judiciary committee enquire whether any legislation can be adopted with justice to the Sheriffs of the State whereby the expenses of making their returns in February next can be decreased.

On motion of *Mr.* Arendell the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, Dec 15, 1865.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock A. M.

Prayer by Rev. L. Branson of Methodist Episcopal Church.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr Manly from the Judiciary committee reported back sundry bills and resolutions.

Mr Blackmer from the committee on Corporations reported back with an amendment the bill to amend the charter of the town of High Point. The amendment was adopted and the bill passed its several readings under a suspension of rules.

Mr. Hutchison introduced a resolution to send a message to the Senate proposing to rescind so much of the joint order for adjournment as provides for the reassembling of the Legislature on the 1st Monday in February next, and proposing further that the 4th Monday in January be substituted. Not agreed to—ayes 37, nays 49.

Mr Burgess introduced a like resolution proposing to change the time of re-assembling from February to June.

Mr Scoggin moved to amend this resolution by substituting March for June.

On motion of Mr. Waugh, the amendment (carrying the resolution) was laid on the table.

Mr. Jenkins of Warren introduced a bill to authorize the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad to establish a ferry over Roanoke River at Gaston for the transportation of freight and passengers. The rules were suspended and this bill passed its several readings.

Mr. Holderby introduced a resolution of inquiry as to the amount and value of Swamp Lands belonging to the Literary Fund. Referred to the committee on Swamp Lands.

The following engrossed "resolutions concerning the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind," passed their several readings under a suspension of the rules.

Resolved, That the Board of Directors of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, be requested to resume the regular exercises of the Institution on the first day of January, A. D. 1866.

Resolved, That His Excellency, W. W. Holden, Provisional Governor be requested to furnish such funds as may be absolutely necessary for the support of the Institution, during the continuance of the Provisional Government.

Mr. Murrill from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported back the "bill to authorize the Commissioners of the town of Fayetteville to issue certificates of indebtedness, and appoint assessors of taxables, recommending its passage. The bill was amended by authorizing only the issue of $10,000 worth of such certificates, and then passed its 2nd and 3rd readings under a suspension of the rules.

ON CALENDAR.

A bill to amend the charter of the Tuckasegee and Keowee Turnpike Road, passed its 2nd and 3rd readings.

A bill for the relief of poor debtors, was rejected on 2nd reading.

A resolution appropriating $44,417, for the support of the Asylum for the Insane, passed its 2nd reading.

On motion of Mr. Blackmer, the rules were suspended. The resolution was put on its third reading and was rejected.

On motion of Mr. McKay, this vote was reconsidered, and the resolution was referred on motion of Mr. Smith of Hertford, to the finance committee.

A bill to prevent the discontinuance of causes in certain cases, was amended, and then passed its 2nd and 3rd readings.

A bill regulating the terms of the Supreme Court and for other purposes, was amended, and then passed its 2nd and 3rd readings.

A bill to repeal the 10th section of the 12th chapter of the acts of Assembly—second extra session, 1861, passed 2nd and 3rd reading.

A resolution in favor of the Provisional Sheriffs was rejected on 2nd reading.

A bill for the relief of citizens of Yancey county, was laid on the table on 2nd reading.

The hour noon having arrived, Jonathan Worth, Governor elect, accompanied by His Excellency, W. W. Holden, Provisional Governor, his Honor Judge Fowle, and the Joint Committee of Arrangements, appeared in the Hall of the House of Commons, where in the presence of the Senate and Commons, the oaths of office were administered and duly subscribed.

The Governor elect then addressed the Assembly as follows:

Gentlemen of the Senate,
and of the House Commons:

If I were about to enter on the discharge of my duties you would expect me, according to usage, on this occasion to declare my views on some of the subjects likely to require executive action.

As the ordinance of the Convention under which I have been elected, provides that I am not to act until the Provisional Government shall be discontinued, and as that discontinuance may not occur, during my official term, I deem it premature and inappropriate to discuss subjects on which I may not be allowed to take action.

I regard it, however, as a fit occasion for me to declare, that the people of North Carolina, impoverished by the late desolating war, and discouraged by the uncertainties of the future, ardently desire a restoration of the Union, and of civil government. The animosities which produced and grew out of the war, on our part, are rapidly passing away. All good and wise men feel that the common good of our whole country requires the suppression of the sectional criminations and recriminations, from which have sprung our national calamities. I am sure that the great body of our people desire that national amity shall be restored. Such I am assured and believe is the general feeling among those we lately called our foes. Such is peculiarly the case amongst the brave men who perilled their lives in the respective armies, lately engaged in mortal combat. The brave are always generous.

Admonished by the recent past, surely the virtue of this great nation will not again surrender itself to the guidance of turbulent sectional leaders.

I am sure all our people if now admitted into full communion with the United States, upon the terms prescribed by the President, (with all which terms we have fully complied,) would perform all their constitutional obligations, with as much fidelity as any people in the Union.—Unfounded distrust will not beget kindness and confidence. We ought to be judged by our acts. To them I appeal for the verification of my assertions.

We honor the generous magnanimity and elevated statesmanship exhibited in the President's plan of reconstruction. It looks to the permanent good of the *whole* nation,—and in view of the appalling difficulties with which he was surrounded, is probably the wisest practicable plan which could be desired. We have promptly, and almost unanimously complied with all its provisions—by declaring our ordinance of secession null and void; by amending our constitution abolishing slavery, repudiating our war debt, ratifying the amendment to the constitution of the United States forever prohibiting slavery in the States and by solemnly taking an oath renewing our allegiance to the United States. If all these *acts* are held insufficient to entitle us to confidence, we can scarcely hope to do anything which will be held satisfactory. I will vouch for North Carolina, if not driven to despair by ungenerous distrust. She will grasp the hand of reconciliation, if offered with generous and magnanimous confidence. I return to the people of North Carolina my most profound thanks for the distinguished honor they have done me, in electing me as their chief magistrate,—and if I shall be called upon to perform the duties of the position, I shall most fervently implore the Giver of all good to inspire me with ability to discharge my duties in a manner acceptable to the State, and promotive of the best interests of her people. [Prolonged Applause.]

The Senators having withdrawn to their chamber, Mr. Dalby, by leave, introduced a resolution of inquiry relative to the expediency of selling certain stocks belonging to the State. Referred to the finance committee.

A message was received from the Senate, asking the concurrence of the House in an amendment to the title of the bill for the relief of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company. The House concurred.

The amended title is as follows: A bill authorizing and directing the renewal of certain State Bonds in the hands of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company.

A bill to authorize A. C. Latham, late Sheriff of Craven county, to collect arrears of taxes, passed its 2nd and 3rd readings.

The House then adjourned until 10 o'clock, to morrow.

CAPTIONS

Of the Acts and Resolutions passed by the General Assembly, called Session of 1865.

1. Resolution concerning the *per diem* and mileage of the officers and members of the Legislature; allows the Speakers of the two Houses ten dollars per day; each member six; Principal Clerks seven each; Doorkeepers, each seven dollars per day, and twenty cents per mile to and from the Capitol.

2. Resolution adopting the Constitutional amendment abolishing slavery within the United States; declares that neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

3. Resolutions declaring the loyalty of the people of North Carolina, declares that the people of this State are loyal to the Government of the United States, and are ready to make any concession, not inconsistent with their honor and safety, for the restoration of that harmony upon which their prosperity and safety depends.

4. An Act to amend an Act passed at the session of the General Assembly of 1860-61 entitled "An Act to appoint Tax Collectors for Bertie and other Counties." repeals so much of the Act as refers to the County of Bertie.

5 An Act concerning the burning of the Register's books, and the destroying of the Records, and unregistered papers by the Federal army, in the Register's Office, in the County of Sampson; provides that copies of all deeds and instruments shall be recorded and registered; and where there are no copies of the same, copies of intermediate instruments upon satisfactory proof before any court of such conveyance having been made, shall be admitted to registration. And any person or persons who have been in the continued and quiet possession of lands and tenements (whose deeds have been burned) for the space of seven years claiming them under known boundaries, shall be deemed to have been lawfully possessed of the same. Provided that such possession shall have commenced before the destruction of the Register's Books, and such person shall make affidavit and produce satisfactory proof to the court.

6. An Act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the French Broad River, in the county of Buncombe.

7. An Act to amend an Act ratified January, 1849, in reference to amending the charter for building a bridge across Pasquotank River.

8. An Act to amend section third, chapter 86, Revised Code, amended by adding after the word "Court House" "or such other places as a majority of the Court may agree upon."

9. An Act to provide for the holding of Courts in the County of Washington, gives a majority of the magistrates the privilege of holding the regular Courts at any place in the town of Plymouth, and if a majority cannot decide for the Special Court to do so, and also confirms and legalizes all proceedings entered on record since the burning of the Court House; and that the clerks shall not be compelled to keep their offices at the Court House, and also directs the Chairman to have the justices summoned to meet in Plymouth to determine when the Court shall be held.

10. An Act to incorporate Stokesburg Lodge, No. 220, of A. Y. M. in the county of Stokes.

11 Resolution in favor of Hon Z. B. Vance, declares that we have entire confidence in his loyalty and honor, and would be pleased to see an extension of the Executive clemency in his pardon.

12. An Act to amend an act passed at the session of 1854-55, to incorporate the Little River Turnpike Company. *Provided*, that at their next annual meeting, (a majority of the stock being represented,) they may by a majority vote surrender their chartered privileges to all that portion of the road North of the late residence of C. C. Orr deceased, and retain all their rights and privileges to the South end of said road, with the privilege of keeping but one Toll Gate at a time.

13 An Act to modify an Ordinance to organize a temporary force for the preservation of law and order, provides that when the forces have not been organized, the officers shall be elected by the citizens enrolled instead of being appointed by the Justices of the Peace.

14. An Act to extend the time of registering Deeds and other Conveyances, extends the time to three years from and after the ratification of this act.

15. An Act to extend the charter of the bank of the State of North Carolina; extends the charter to the first day of January 1868, and gives it the power of making an assignment of all its assets for the equal benefit of all its creditors whenever it may deem it expedient to do so.

16. Resolution authorizing the Secretary of State to send Convention documents to the Clerks of the County Courts of the State, requires ten copies to be sent to each Clerk.

17. Resolution of instruction to the Attorney General to bring suit against Rail Roads, for forfeiture of Charter, when they have granted exclusive privileges to persons or Companies.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

A GOOD TANNER, TO TAKE CHARGE OF A Tannery in Edgecombe County, near Tarboro, N. C. A comfortable house and sufficient land attached to get wood, make bread, and raise meat.

Apply immediately with references, to
DR J. W. JONES, Tarboro, N. C.

December 16, 1865-101-2w.

☞ *Standard* please copy.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!

FOR CHRISTMAS,
AT
C. J. IREDELL & CO'S,
No 1 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N C.

Raleigh, December 16 110—1w.

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE 30TH SESSION WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, the 12th of February, in the magnificent building erected by the Grand Lodge of North Carolina.

For Circulars, showing the course of instruction, terms, regulations, &c, apply to
J. H. MILLS, Oxford, N. C.

December 16-115—1012aw-pd.

FOR RENT.

A LARGE AND CONVENIENTLY CONSTRUCTED house with ten rooms on Fayetteville Street, kitchen with five rooms, stables, all necessary out houses and one acre of ground.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Dec 16 1t.

DR. J. R. G. FAUCETTE, Of Greensboro, N. C.
J. C. FAUCETTE, Of Alamance, N. C.

Faucette & Bro.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
Purchasing Agents,
AND
GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,
Opposite the Gaston House,
NEWBERN, N. C.

December 16 110-3ms.

J. A. THURSTON,

Old Stand of Henry Porter, Fayetteville St.
RALEIGH, N. C.,

BEING OBLIGED TO VACATE HIS STORE ON the 1st of January, offers for sale his entire Stock

AT COST,

consisting of every variety of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
RUBBERS, BROGANS,
SHOE FINDINGS, &c, &c.

Having purchased his stock direct from the Manufacturers for Cash, will sell cheaper than others can.

☞ Call and see for yourself. ☜

Raleigh, Dec 16-161-tljan.

WM. J. BAKER, PULASKI COWPER, WM. H. JONES.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION
Merchants,
AND BROKERS.
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL SELL ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE AND goods of any description on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts, keep on hand for sale, and will buy and sell Gold and Silver Coin and Bank Notes. Dec 15—109—3m.

For Sale.

SUPERIOR Durham and Stonewall Smoking Tobacco in two pound boxes.

Large Onions by the barrel.

A large quantity of Flour, various brands. Bacon Sides, Plantation Bitters. Chewing Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars and Nails.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

December 15, 1865-109-tf.

For Sale.

HOME made Carpeting, Sweet Oil by the case, and a first rate article of Sole Leather.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

December 15 109—tf

For Sale.

SILVER FRUIT Baskets, Silver Waiters, Spoons and Forks, large Punch Bowl and Silver Egg-stand.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

December 15-109-tf.

For Sale.

2 HANDSOME Travelling Baskets, fine English Mustard, Spun Cotton, China, Cheese, Sugar, Children's Hose.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

December 15-109-tf

The Enterprise.

AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, I SHALL COMmence, in the city of Raleigh, the publication of a weekly Family Newspaper, to be a means of communication for christian gentlemen and ladies. Its columns will be open for moral and Literary articles especially, and also for such advertisements as become a first class Family Journal. It is to be the organ of myself and my friends. I may say that I have not been largely solicited to commence the ENTERPRISE, my friends not knowing that I desire to become Editor. I am bound by no party or denominational influences, but desire the *Enterprise* to be fully dedicated to "EVERY GOOD WORD AND WORK."

The man who is most useful to himself, is, in the largest sense, most useful to mankind. Hence, I ask you to help me, because I shall then be the better able to help you. Good men ought to subscribe to the *Enterprise*, because it will aid the Editor; and bad men ought to subscribe for the same good reason.

On the first issue, I shall take means at once to place the *Enterprise* on the tables of 10,000 families in North Carolina.

TERMS:

For twelve months,	$4 00
For six months,	2 00

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates.

Send your subscriptions at once per mail, as I have no special agents.

Most respectfully,
L. BRANSON, Raleigh, N. C.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

Rev. Dr. Deems.

We are requested to announce, that Dr. Deems will preach in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, and in the Methodist Church at night.

Christ Church congregation in this city propose to establish a mission, to be called St Paul's Church, to be located on Missionary Hill. The friends of the enterprise throughout the State, are solicited to contribute to it. Donations should be forwarded to Rev. Dr. Mason, Rector of Christ Church.

Maj. Gen. Ruger has issued an order, calling upon all persons to whom horses or mules were loaned by the government last summer, to return them at once to Capt. Garoutte in this city, or to A. M. Robinson, Oxford, or N. S. Johnson at Fayetteville.—The stock will be sold at Oxford Dec. 27th, at Fayetteville, 3rd Jan. and in this city on the 9th of Jan.

LADIES FAIR.—The ladies connected with the Episcopal congregation have held a Fair for several nights, and we learn have done well. The object we understand is to build a Sunday school room with the proceeds.

Advertisements.

The reader's attention is called to our advertising columns.

Messrs. Faucette & Bro. Commission merchants Newbern, have opened Store. See card.

A good tanner wanted by Dr. Jones of Tarboro.

Houses for sale and rent by Baker, Cowper & Co.

J. A. Thurston offers his stock of Boots & Shoes at Cost.

Messrs. Mitchell & Allen Newbern, have a fine Stock.

Messrs. Baker, Cowper & Co., invite attention to many articles.

SELLING AT COST.—Mr. Jas. McKimmon offers his goods at cost.

The Granite Shoal Cotton Factory in Catawba Co., is for sale. It is desirable property.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.—Mr. P. Theim at his variety store offers many nice things.

Davenport Female College will open its exercises on the 20th of Feb. under the Presidency of Rev. J. R. Griffeth. It is a good school in a good location.

ROSIN OIL.—This useful article is manufactured in any quantity by *Messrs*. Martin & Hallett of Wilmington.

Louisburg Female College opens on the second Wednesday in January under the Presidency of Rev. T. M. Jones.

CULTIVATE COTTON.—See Mr. Dancy's proposition.

Murfreesboro Female College opened its exercises in October last.

Andrews & Bardin of Wilmington are agents for Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes.

St. Mary's School opens its 47th session on the 17th of Jan.

Wm. C. Doub's School opens its next session on the 18th Jan.

Oxford Female College.

The indefatigable proprietor and President Mr. J. H. Mills, of this institution has recently purchased the fine buildings of St. John's College, Oxford, and will open the Female College in those buildings on the 12 of Feb. next. His success shows what energy and tact will accomplish. The Grand Lodge of the State sold the buildings to Mr. Mills for $8,000.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—In the Senate, Mr. Foot, of Vermont, announced the death of Senator Collamer and offered the usual resolutions of respect to memory of deceased.

Several other Senators joined in paying tributes of esteem.

In the House of Representatives, the following committee was appointed to take into consideration the condition of the late so-called Confederate States:

Stevens, of Pa., Washburne, of Ill., Morrill, of Vt., Guthrie, of Ky., Bingham, of Ohio, Conklin, of N. Y., Boutwell, of Mass., Blow, of Mo., and Rogers, of N. Y.

The House resolved that all papers which may be offered in relation to the condition of the late so-called Confederate States, shall be referred without debate and no member shall be admitted from either of said States, or either of them entitled to representation, until Congress shall so decide.

Several eulogies were delivered on death of late Senator Collamer.

Governor Elect of Georgia to be Inaugurated.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., Dec. 14.—Provisional Governor Johnson sent a dispatch to the legislature, this morning, from President Johnson, stating that the Governor elect, Mr. Jenkins, should be inaugurated in a few days, when the former would receive instructions relative to being relieved.

The President also highly commends the administration and course of the provisional governor.

Negro Disaffection.

Within the past two weeks, we have noticed in our exchanges from different parts of the Union, paragraphs in relation to threatened negro insurrections. We have purposely refrained from publishing them for reasons which we deem perfectly satisfactory. We have at the same time received inklings of the deviltry hatching among disaffected negroes in our own city and vicinity, which we have kept from the public, for reasons equally satisfactory. We speak of it now to let the public know that we have not been asleep in regard to those affairs which are interesting to *every* unfortunate white person.

How far the military authorities of this section are posted in regard to the movements of the disaffected "moaks," of course, we are unable to state, but have sufficient reason to believe they are awake to the important events of the day.

That there is a partially, or fully organized plot of rascality on foot among the recently freed negroes, we have not the slightest doubt. They have imbibed the idea that the property of their late owners is to be divided among them by the United States authorities; and it has become necessary recently, to disabuse their minds of this idea, by direct orders from high military authority. They do not like it, of course, and we can very readily see the natural tendency of the negro mind when he sees his hopes disappointed

Well, if white people would exhibit a proper amount of discretion, they would lose no time in preparing for a day which may require their presence at their homes. The negroes are doing it; and if any one doubts it, let him go to the different dealers in powder, lead, caps, and fire arms, in the city of Newbern.—*Newbern Times.*

A letter has been lately received by the members of the Second Baptist Church in Richmond, from the Rev. J. L. M. Curry, of Alabama, declining the pastorate of the church which was tendered him some time since.

Comparative Numbers of the Two Armies of Generals Grant and Lee.

The report of the Secretary of War throws light on a matter of history in regard to which much interest has been felt by the public. We refer to the strength of the Army of the Potomac, under the immediate command of General Meade, but directly by the Lieutenant General, at the two important periods of the spring of 1864, and the spring of 1865. General Meade crossed the Rapidan, on the 4th of May, 1864, with 120,380. General Grant says, in his report, that "by six o'clock of the morning of the 6th, he (General Burnside) was leading his corps into action near the Wilderness tavern," Burnside's force (the Ninth corps) numbered 20,000 men. Thus, in the second battle (Wilderness) after crossing the Rapidan, General Meade had, under his immediate command, one hundred and forty-odd thousand troops. From the best information we can obtain, General Lee's army commenced this series of battle about seventy thousand strong, and received no reinforcements, except the small force of three or four thousand that came from the Valley under Breckinridge, shortly before the battle of Cold Harbor. After the battle of Spotsylvania Court House, reinforcements, in large numbers, were sent to General Grant from Washington; and upon his forming a junction with General Butler, he was reinforced by the whole strength of the Army of the James. In the meantime General Lee had been compelled to weaken himself by sending Breckinridge back to the Valley, and dispatching Early, with some fifteen or twenty thousand men, to meet Hunter, then moving on Lynchburg.—This reduction of force was not compensated by the accession gained from the garrison of Richmond and the force between this city and Petersburg under Beauregard.

On the 1st of March, 1865, a month before the final and successful assault on Lee's lines, the strength of the army of the Potomac is given by Secretary Stanton as 103,273. This was the "available force present for duty." The exact strength of the army of the James, at that date, is not stated; but the number of troops present for duty in the Department of Virginia, was 45,986. These, without doubt, were nearly all with General Butler. Added to the army of the Potomac, they make 149 259. It was understood in Richmond that, in addition to the numbers here given, General Grant was receiving heavy reinforcements all through March, and it is known that towards the close of that month, he was joined by General Sheridan with his splendid cavalry. Altogether, it seems probable that the force in front of Richmond and Petersburg nearly approximated, if it did not reach, 200,000. To meet this immense array, General Lee could muster not more then forty thousand men. The number surrendered by him is stated in the report as 27,805; but we believe the number on duty, with arms in their hands, the morning of the day on which the surrender was made, did not reach 8,000. If it be said that 40 000 men behind such defences as had been constructed around this city, ought to have been able to resist 200,000, the reply is that the skilful manœuvering of General Grant compelled General Lee to so extend his lines that his works were at no point sufficiently manned. Where his line was first broken the men stood ten or fifteen paces apart.

These figures are given as matters of general and historic interest, and not for the sake of making comparisons or suggesting conclusions to the disparagement of either side.—*Rich. Whig.*

"The Bravest are the Tenderest."

The report of Lieutenant General Grant shows, in a very conspicuous manner, the generosity of his temper, and we quote with peculiar pleasure his testimony as to the good conduct of the men who lately confronted his army. He says: "Let (us) then hope for perpetual peace with that enemy whose manhood however mistaken the cause, drew forth such herculean deeds of valor."

This testimony was not needed, for the civilized world had awarded us praise for bravery and fortitude; but we hail this announcement from the Commander in Chief with peculiar satisfaction, as a contrast to the narrow and sectional views of Sumner, Wilson and Co. In contrast with these gentlemen who never smelt gunpowder—one who declined to head his regiment—we give this declaration of the Commander-in-Chief, and regard it as an evidence of the magnanimity of the man.—*Norfolk Virginian.*

B F. Butler.

The following resolution was recently presented to the House of Representatives of Virginia by Mr. Hurst of Norfolk:

Whereas, It is currently reported and generally believed that the celebrated Hudibrastic General B. F. Butler is about to take charge of this military department, with powers extraordinary, therefore,

Resolved, That whatever money may remain in the State Treasury be immediately divided among the widows and orphans of deceased soldiers, and couriers be dispatched in the various counties requesting the people to secret or bury their plate.

The reading of the resolution gave rise to considerable merriment, and was laid on the table on motion of Mr. Ellis.

REPUDIATION IN MISSISSIPPI.—The Jackson (Miss.) *Clarion* says:

On Monday last the most sweeping repudiating resolution ever presented to a deliberate assembly was adopted by the Senate. It declares that debt against the State, whether on account of salaries of officers, Treasury notes, 'change bills or otherwise, originating between the 9th day of January, 1861, and the 16th day of October, 1861; and the Treasurer of the State is hereby directed not to pay any warrant or claim based upon any such demand: and all receivers of public moneys are hereby forbidden to receive any such warrant or demand for dues to the State.

GEORGIA SENATORS.—In Georgia there are a number of names mentioned for United States Senator. The most prominent are Henry R. Jackson, Herschel V Johnson, and Provisional Governor James Johnson. Lucius J. Gartrell and James S. Seward are also spoken of. The choice of the Legislature would certainly fall almost unanimously on Howell Cobb for one of the Senators, but he refused to be a candidate.

In the Albama House, Mr. Smith of Choctaw, has introduced a bill to prohibit the marriage, &c., between the white and black races. Inter-marriage is made felony by the bill, punishable by imprisonment for the whites and branding and whipping for the negroes. Other disreputable connections between the races subject the whites to a fine of one thousand dollars, and imprisonment in the county jail for twelve months. The other parties to the crime are to receive "one hundred lashes on his or her bare back."

THE CONSERVATIVE REPUBLICANS.—Senators *Doolittle*, of Wisconsin, and Dixon of Connecticut, will be among the first in the Senate to make speeches opposing the House proposition for a joint committee of fifteen on the question of reconstruction. It may be added here that the published statement that joint resolutions of that nature require the signature of the President is entirely erroneous.—*Wash. Corres. Gth.*

The distinguished Methodist divine, the Rev. Dr. Sehon, of Nashville, preached to an immense audience at the Cooper Institute, in New York on Sunday.

Enough has transpired since the war to prove that the Southern people are sincerely desirous of a genuine reconciliation. They have with one accord acknowledged themselves utterly vanquished. They began by accepting the broad amnesty oath of President Johnson without hesitation or reserve. They continued by putting themselves promptly into the path which he indicated would take them back into the Union They received the leaders he assigned them as Provisional Governors, and treated them with all respect and confidence though many of them had never before been the men of their choice. They elected conventions, composed, for the most part, of men in full sympathy with the government, and these conventions remodeled the State constitutions in substantial accordance with the suggestions of President Johnson. Their Legislatures have been animated with a similar anxiety to satisfy the government at Washington. We believe that there has not been an instance of a persistent holding out by any Southern convention or Legislature against any solicitation of President Johnson for the adoption of any measures that in his view would facilitate the work of reconstruction. It is true that the elections for State officers and for Congressmen have been in many cases unsatisfactory. Yet there is no evidence that such elections were inspired by opposition to the government. There is reason to believe that such elections were influenced by personal predelictions and prejudices rather than by political motives. At all events, taking the action of the Southern people since the close of the war *as a whole*, it has been eminently reasonable and proper. History might be searched without finding another instance of a vanquished people submitting with so good a grace. Nobody would have ventured to predict it a year ago. It is opposed to every old conception of the proud and impracticable character of the Southern people.

The great question of the day is, now that we have this display of good sense and good feeling in the Southern people, whether we shall encourage it, and make the best of it, or meet it with distrust and aversion. It is a shame that there should be such a question. The duty of the government and of the Northern people in the premises ought to be plain enough to every man to exclude all questions. As victors in the war we are bound by every manly sentiment to a generous policy of reconciliation. As Union men, in consistent devotion to that cause in the name of which the terrible struggle was maintained, we are morally obliged, in consistency, to do our utmost to have the Union fully restored just so soon as it can be done safely, and without sacrifice of principle. All sacrifice of principle, it is true, ought to be opposed. The time of sacrificing principle to the South for the sake of conciliation and peace has passed forever. There will never be another compromise of right with the South, and we thank heaven for it. But nothing of the kind is asked for now. The only sacrifice that is asked for is a sacrifice of feeling. That ought to be made to the last title. Every old animosity and resentment should be utterly cleared from our souls. Every memory of former wrong should be effaced forever. The favorable disposition of the Southern people should be met with a true brotherly spirit, and the way should be made clear for their early return to the enjoyment of the common birthright. They are a suffering people. The war has left them desolate. Poverty broods from the Atlantic to the Rio Grande. No change is possible until after the securities and blessings of the Constitution are restored. The political and social system of the South must be relieved from all uncertainty, and receive that stimulus that can come only from a participation in all the failure of American life.

And speedy consummation is just as needful for the nation at large as for the South. The national finances, as all admit, are beset with peril. They rest on a foundation of irredeemable paper, which never has been and never can be a safe basis.—What is more necessary than all else to stay up the national credit, and restore soundness to all the business operations of the country, is a regaining of something like the old equilibrium of trade between this and foreign lands. But the preponderance must continue to be scores of millions against us until the great Southern staples are reproduced and supplied for export. As a prerequisite to that, the South must again be vitalized with the life-blood of our institutions Keep her under the iron heel of a military government, and there will be no more chance of her acquiring energy and thrift than there is in the case of Mexico. Treat her with harshness and she will yield to discouragement or, what would be still worse, to rancor and vindictiveness. The South would be worse, even than a paralyzed limb upon our body politic. It would be an incurable ulcer, cankering and consuming the very life of our national system.

Of any specific measures of reconstruction, we do not now speak. We do not regard it as a question of measures so much as of spirit. Let a truly liberal spirit prevail in Congress, and it would very easily shape all the measures needful for just, safe and quick reconstruction. Having that spirit, President Johnson has carried reconstruction to its present stage in a wonderfully short time. He has made no concession of principle, and yet he has inspired the Southern people with such confidence in his good will and fairness that there is nothing he asks of them which they do not cheerfully accord. No man, to-day, is more popular with the South than he. Congress has but to complete the work of reconstruction in the same generous spirit to bind the South to it, and to its present Northern constituents with hooks of steel. It has but to show a disposition to smoothe and facilitate, rather than impede and bar, to obtain from the South as ready a compliance with every reasonable requirement as has been given to the express desires of President Johnson. Every man in Congress who refuses to show this spirit, and devotes himself to the perpetuation of bitterness towards the South, ought to be accounted a public enemy.—*New York Times.*

Georgia Legislation Relative to the Freedmen Provisional Governor Johnson Asks to be Relieved.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., Dec. 11.—The Senate has passed a bill regulating contracts between master and servant If for over one month it must be in writing; work hours to be from sunrise to sunset, and servants to be responsible for damaging the master's property; wages forfeited by leaving before the expiration of contract. The employer may discharge for disobedience, drunkenness, immorality, want of respect or for leaving service, enticing servants away, misdemeanors to be punishable with a fine of $4000, or imprisonment for four months.

The House refused to consider the resolution fixing a day for the election of United States Senators by a vote of 90 to 56.

Provisional Governor Johnson sent a telegram last night to Washington asking to be relieved, and asking that the Governor elect, Jenkins, be allowed to take his office.

A Sad Affair.

We understand that Jas. A., son of Mr. Abel Cowan, came to his death in a very sad and deplorable way day before yesterday. The lad aged about six years, was unwell, and his father administered to him a small quantity of spirits, and leaving the vessel containing the remainder in his room, left him alone for a short time. When he returned he found the child in the act of swallowing more.—Medical attendance was procured, but in defiance of all remedies, he died in ten or twelve hours.—*Salisbury Banner.*

A. T Stewart, the dry goods millionaire in New York, among his other possessions, owns both the St Nicholas and the Metropolitan hotels—the snug sum of $140,000 a year, as their rental, providing him with pocket money to buy cigars with and peanuts.

EX-SENATOR CLAY.—We learn from the [Huntsville] Alabama *Advocate*, that all the property of C. C. Clay, Jr., now a prisoner, has been put in process of confiscation by the United States District Attorney. The Legislature of that State has petitioned the President to release him on his parole.

TELEGRAPHIC.

By the American Telegraph Company.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.

The question as to whether the President's pardon restores the recipient to all political and civil rights, was argued in the Supreme Court to day, and will be continued next Friday.

The decisions by the naval Court Martial in the case of Commodore Craven for refusing to accept the surrender of the Stonewall, and suspending him for two years has been set aside by the Secretary of the Navy, and restores Craven to duty.

Cotton in New York has declined, sales 1400 bales, at 49 to 50 cts; Naval Stores quiet; Gold 146⅝.

Indiana.

WASINGTON, Dec. 15.

Indiana has officially notified the Secretary of State, to-day of the ratification of the Constitutional amendment.

THE COLORED POPULATION.—In the Indiana State constitution there is a clause prohibiting negroes from entering the State. The Indiana Senate has refused to ratify an amendment repealing that clause. A bill prohibiting intermarriage between whites and blacks has been introduced into the Alabama Legislature.

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

Corrected daily by JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO. Brokers and Dealers in Exchange.

BUYING RATES.

N C. Bank Notes—Charlotte 35, Miners & Planters 40, and Lexington 30. Bank of N. C., Cape Fear, 40. Farmer's, 37. Merchants 40. Roxboro 40. Wadesboro 25. Thomasville 30; Wilmington 25; Commerce 25; Washington, Fayetteville, Clarendon, Yanceyville, 12½; Greensboro' Mutual, 20.

Virginia Bank Notes, average,			20
South Carolina	do	do	18
Georgia	do	do	12½

COIN—Gold $1 44; Silver 1 40.

COUPONS—Old North Carolina, 5; North Carolina Railroad coupons, 95.

BONDS.—North Carolina, 6s, Nine coupons attached, 78,

Exchange on New York selling at ¼ premium.

Raleigh Money Market.

Raleigh National Bank of North Carolina.

Buying Rates.

N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear,	40	Bank of Wadesboro	25
" Charlotte,	35	" Wilmington,	25
" Commerce,	25	" Washington,	15
" Clarendon,	14	" Yanceyville	14
" Fayetteville,	15	Commercial, Wilmint'n	22
" Lexington,	30	Farmers, Greensboro,	37
" N. Carolina,	40	Greensboro Mutual,	2½
" Roxboro,	40	Merchants, Newberne,	40
" Thomasville,	30	Miners & Planters,	35

Virginia	Bank notes, average,		20
South Carolina	"	"	18
Georgia	"	"	12½

COIN—Gold, 1,43; silver 1,38.

COUPONS—Old North Carolina, 50; North Carolina Rail Road Coupons, 95.

BONDS—North Carolina 6s, nine coupons on, 78.

Exchange on New York selling at ¼ premium.

RALEIGH MARKET.

Revised and corrected by JORDAN WOMBLE, Grocer and Commission Merchant for all kinds of Country Produce.

Dec. 16, 1865.

FLOUR—family,	12 00	to	00 00
Extra Superfine,	11 00	to	11 50
Superfine,	10 50	to	11 00
CORN—per bushel,	80	to	1 00
BACON—per pound, dull,	22	to	25
LARD—per pound,	25	to	30
BUTTER—per pound, dull	40		
CHICKENS—(Spring,)	25	to	30
EGGS—per dozen,	25	to	30
CHEESE—retail, per pound,			35
APPLES—green, per bushel,	00	to	2 50
PEACHES—dried, per bushel,	2 50	to	3
POTATOES—Irish, per bushel,	50	to	1
POTATOES—Sweet,	75	to	80
ONIONS—per bushel,	1 50	to	2
BEEF—on hoof, per pound,	8	to	20
retail,	12½	to	20
FRESH PORK—per pound, (retail)	15	to	20
MEAL—per bushel, (street price),	1 00	to	1 10
COFFEE—per pound, (retail	45	to	50
SUGAR—Crushed, per pound	35	to	00
White Coffee,	30	to	
Light Brown,			25
Common Brown,			20
PEAS—red and white, per bushel,	75	to	1 00
FODDER—per cwt.	1	to	1 25
OATS—in sheaf,	75	to	1
HAY—newcrop, per cwt.,	75	to	1 00
TOBACCO—per pound, (manufactured),	20	to	50
COTTON—in bale, per cwt.,	30	to	35
COTTON YARN—per bunch,	3 50	to	3 3½
BEESWAX—per pound,	25	to	
RAGS—clean cotton, per pound			03
LAMB—per head		to	2 3
retail, per pound,	12½	to	50
SALT—per sack [4 bushel]		to	7 20
FLAXSEED—per bushel,	1	to	1 50
NAILS—per pound, by the keg,	10	to	125
PORK—for Bacon,	12½	to	15
TURNIPS—per bushel	1	to	00

For Sale.

NEW YORK Goshen and Grayson, Va. [Butter cheap to close consignment.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Dec 15—109—tf

J. L. DUNN, of N. C.

WITH

Arch'd Young, Garrett & Co.,

Manufactures and Wholesale Dealers in

CLOTHING,

27 CHAMBERS STREET,

Nearly opposite New City Hall.

HENRY L FOSTER,
C. W. GARRETT,
WM. H. WHITEHEAD,
E. YOUNG,
NEW YORK.

Dec 11-105-1w pd

For Sale.

LAW and Miscellaneous Books, &c

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

December 15-109-tf

For Sale.

2 HOUSES AND LOTS on Hillsboro Street—one house a two story, has six rooms with fire place in each, and one room without fire place. The other house has four rooms with fire place in each—all necessary out houses and one acre of land.

The price for the above property is very moderate, with annual payments for three fourths of the purchase money, and interest from date. Title to property retained until all the purchase money is paid.

—ALSO—

A very fine house, nine rooms, and four acres of ground attached.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, December 15—109—tljan.

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN.

Mitchell & Allen,

Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

22 POLLOCK STREET,

NEWBERN, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE, AND OFFER FOR SALE—

200 dozen Assorted Locks,
1000 pairs Hinges,
500 gross Screws,
300 dozen Knives and Forks,
150 dozen Pocket knives,
100 dozen Taper, Cross Cut, Mill Saw and Bastard Files.

A full assortment of

CARPENTERS',
COOPERS',
MACHINISTS',
BLACKSMITHS',
TURPENTINE,
AND
SADLERS' TOOLS,

to which we invite particular attention.

—ALSO—

50 kegs Horse Shoes,
100 kegs Cut and Wrought Nails,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Rims,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Spokes,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Hubs and Axles,
100 Ladies and Gents' Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Whips, Collars, &c.
200 Bags Shot,
50 kegs Powder,
Hand, Cross Cut and Circular Saws,
Leather and Rubber Belting,
Bar and Sheet Iron and Lead,
Tin and Hollow Ware.

We have and are constantly receiving

Ploughs, Shovels,
Hoes, Axes, Forks,
Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, &c.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

"QUEEN OF THE SOUTH" COOK STOVE.

—ALSO—

AGENTS FOR

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM & COUNTER SCALES,

AND

EVAN'S & WATSONS

CELEBRATED FIRE &
BUGLAR-PROOF SAFES,

which we sell at manufacturer's prices.

Newbern, N. C., Oct., 17, 1865 61 3m.

Selling Off

OUR LARGE STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes, Hats,
Groceries,
Liquors, etc., etc.,

as cheap as those advertising to sell

AT COST!

No gammon or nonsense.

We will not be undersold.

"The proof of the pudding," &c.

KELLOGG WHEELER & CO.,

(OLD STAND OF S. H. YOUNG,)

Dec, 13rd, 1865 107 tf.

Stop the Thief.

STOLEN FROM MY STABLES, ON THE NIGHT of the 11th inst., my dark Clay Bank Mare. She is ten years old, with black mane and tail, and a well formed animal—the best animal in the country. She was newly shod; her weathers are very low for an animal not having fistula I will give fifty dollars for the Mare and fifty dollars for the thief. She was carried no doubt, to Raleigh.

J. D. HAYS.

Dec 13-107—2tpd.

COTTON FACTORY FOR SALE.

WE WILL SELL THE "GRANITE SHOAL Cotton Factory", consisting of one full set of Carding and Spinning machines, all in first rate order and as good as new, capable of turning off 160 bunches Yarn every 24 hours. The water power is one of the best and most secure from danger of high water on the Catawba River, is seven miles below "Catawba Station" on Western North Carolina Rail Road, 35 miles west of Salisbury, and 35 from Charlotte. A first rate farm of 370 acres, 100 of which is in cultivation, will be sold with the Factory if desired. There are 2 two story dwelling houses and store house, and necessary number of cottages to accommodate the operatives. For particulars, call on

CLARK & POWELL,

Catawba Station, N C.

December 14, 1865-108-10t.

Just Received,

800 setts Plates,
400 setts Cups and Saucers,
Bar Decanters,
Bar Tumblers,
Bar Bitters Bottles,
Kerosene Lamps and Chimneys,
at 41 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.,

by D. T. CARRAWAY,
WITH HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, November 25-93-tf.

For Sale.

PRINTING MATERIALS, TYPE AND FIXtures and a large size single cylinder Hoe Power Press, 47 X 33 inches, and an excellent 5-horse Engine, in good running order. Apply to

W H CUNINGGIM, Agent.

December 13, 1865-106-tf.

Classical and Mathematical School.

14 miles East of Raleigh.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL WILL commence on the 15th of January, 1866. Board $15 per month. Tuition $30 per session. Lights extra.

Address the Principal at Raleigh

WM. C. DOUB, Principal.

Dec 15 108 5w.

Classical and Mathematical

TALLY HO, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION OF THIS
opens on the 2nd Monday in January
The price of board and tuition is
dollars. Address the principal at Oxford.

T. J. HORNER,
Principal.

Dec. 11 105 3w.

Hillsboro N. C. Military Academy

THE SIXTH SESSION [five months] OF
Academy will begin on Monday, the 1st day of
uary, 1866.

Circulars furnished on application to

J. B. WHITE,
Superintendent.

Hillsboro, Dec. 1, 1865 5ws.

Standard will please copy.

A LARGE AND GENERAL STOCK

OF

GOODS AT COST

ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BE
STOCKS OF GOODS IN THE
STATE.

WE WILL SELL THE REMAINDER OF
third New and Large Stock of Staple and
cy DRY GOODS, HATS, SHOES AND NOTION

AT COST!

Commencing Monday, December 11th, for the
pose of making room for our Spring purchases.
Goods shall be sold at Cost.

No sham or humbug about what we inte
do. Give us a call, and be convinced of the fact.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Raleigh, December 13 106-3t

LOUISBURG

FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTI
will begin on the second Wednesday in Janu
1866.

Louisburg is in Franklin County, N. C., nine mi
from Franklinton Station, on the Raleigh and Gas
Railroad.

Between these points there is a daily stage li
connecting with trains going North and South.

The community in which the College is located
noted for health, social refinement, intelligence a
christian morality.

Boarding pupils will be treated as members of
President's family, and their physical welfare, b
in health and sickness, will receive at let attenti

The course of study requisite for graduation, w
be extensive; grade of scholarship, high; instru
tion, thorough and systematic. Parents are reques
to instruct their daughters, not to pursue more t
one or two extra studies in connection with the C
lege course.

Pupils will have access to a good library, and
joy the benefit of lectures with apparatus for illus
ting the experimental sciences.

Government of the pupils will be mild and pers
sive, but firm and decided.

Strict attention will be paid the moral and religio
culture.

No uniform will be required for the present. E
travagance in dress will not be encouraged. Pup
will not be permitted to contract debts.

Books and stationery will be furnished at the C
lege.

Charges will be the same as those adopted in
Greensboro Female College before the war, viz:
Board, per session of 5 months, exclusive of
washing and lights,
Tuition in regular course including Latin,

EXTRA STUDIES.

Music on Piano and Guitar, each,
French and Drawing, each,
Painting in Oil,
Needle Work,

The above charges, to be paid in specie, or its eq
alent in currency. One half in advance; the
mainder at the close of the session. Each pupil
furnish one pair of sheets, and pillow cases, and t
els.

T. M. JONES.

Dec. 13-106-tf.

SELLING OUT AT COST.

BEING DESIROUS OF MAKING ROOM FOR
Spring Goods, I now offer to the citizens of R
eigh and surrounding country, the remainder of
stock, consisting of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes
Gents, Ladies and Misses' Ready-made Cloth
Hats, Hosiery and notions of all kinds.

M. ROSENBAUM,
Pomeroy's Old Stand.

Raleigh, December 13-107—1w.

Goods at Cost,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Merinos, Delaines,
Alpaccas, Prints,
Irish and Pillow Case Linen, Table Cloths,
Napkins, Domestics,
Nansook, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Hoop Skirts, Balmorals,
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, etc., etc.

These goods are all new, having been purch
during the last season. My old customers and
public generally are invited to call and examine.

JAMES McKIMMON.

Raleigh, December 14-108-1w.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!!

*Please your Children, Sweethearts, Wives,
Husbands.*

CALL AT PH. THIEM'S STORE AND EXAMI
the largest and handsomest Stock of Fa
Goods, Toys and Confectioneries of all descriptio

$10,000 worth of Fancy Goods.
$10,000 worth of Toys and Confectioneries.
$10,000 worth of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c,

FOR CHRISTMAS OFFERING

which will be sold at the lowest prices.

CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMI
CALL AND EXAMINE

PH. THIEM'S Beautiful Stock of

CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

Great inducements to persons wishing to
by wholesale.

PH. THEI

December 14-108-tf.

House and Lot for Rent.

WILL BE RENTED AT TOWLES' AUCT
and Commission House, on Saturday, Dec
ber 16th, unless rented privately, that desir
House and Lot on Hargett Street, in the city of R
eigh, formerly the residence of Wesley Whitaker,
deceased. The house contains five good rooms,
elusive of a large and comfortable Attic; and the
a large yard, with all necessary out houses, and
an acre of excellent garden ground.

Terms, cash in advance.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Auction

Raleigh, December 13 107-4tpd.

PROPOSITION TO CULTIVATE COTTON ON SHA

TO ANY ONE WHO WILL FURNISH
Laborers, I will offer very favorable
cultivate 500 Acres in Cotton, of as good la
is in Edgecombe county. The land,
ions for men and beast, with the
the best managers already secured, and my
sonal superintendence will
ber, giving a liberal share of the
use of guano 400 bales Cotton
can be made with an average

Proposition open till 1st of January.

JNO. L. DANCY,

December 15 107 3t

THE DAILY SENTINEL

WM. E. PELL, Editor.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1865.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month	1 00
" two months	2 00
Semi-Weekly per year,	5 00
Weekly per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

THE PEOPLE must be trusted with their Government, and if trusted, my opinion is that they will act in good faith, and restore their former constitutional relations with all the States composing the Union.—*Andrew Johnson's Letter to Gov. Sharkey, of Mississippi*

The Radicals.

The attempt of a city cotemporary to place the *Sentinel* or its editor in political affiliation with Sumner, Stevens, &c., is really laughable. Oil and water will as soon mingle, or the poles come together, as the union of the two It is in this way it attempts to cover up or keep out of view the striking resemblance and the rapid coalition of "strait-secism" with extreme Northern radicalism. President Johnson's policy of reconstruction as developed in his proclamation, speeches and letters, we stand to and support. The country will come to it if the President holds to it firmly. Already, radicalism is growing weak-kneed before its power His policy is constitutional—magnanimous in spirit and truly American in principle. Before it Northern radicalism, Tennessee, Missouri and North Carolina strait-sectism, real relics of a barbarous age and of a monarchical, puritanic spirit, must quail and expire.

The Spirit of the Press.

We have no sympathy with a licentious press. The government and its administrators are entitled to the respect, support, and consideration of the public press. Public measures and public men may be criticised under a free government, but under no circumstances, is the press at liberty to speak in terms of disrespect of rulers. The Southern States are not yet free—nor is the press free to speak out. There is a necessity for observing proper caution and propriety at all times, but especially in our present condition.

We observe that our two city cotemporaries are taking several of the presses of the State to task. They are so immaculate themselves, they are very proper guardians of the public quiet and of the government, we suppose. They too are professed friends of the people; yet by whom have they been so much abused? Who so often and so recklessly have called their loyalty in question? They have managed to have it understood at the North, that during the war, they were held in by Confederate bayonets and Confederate despotism from expressing their sentiments, and yet it is well known those papers teemed with abuse of Jeff. Davis, and his administration. Those who undertake to counsel others should always set a proper example. We shall be glad to see and to promote the improvement of all in this direction. At least we shall endeavor to act with decorum ourself.

Inauguration of Gov. Worth.

On yesterday at 12 o'clock, the oaths of office were administered to JONATHAN WORTH, Esq., Civil Governor elect by His Honor Judge Fowle, in the presence of Governor Holden, Provisional Governor, the General Assembly and a number of citizens, convened in the House of Commons. The brief but pertinent address of Gov. Worth will be found in another column. He will not of course, exercise the duties of the office until the termination of the Provisional Government.

The improved temper of the *Standard* for a few days, is gratifying to us. Men in a rage, who will not reason, we have no relish for, but it is pleasant to discuss questions with sober, discreet men, even when wedded to their errors.

We have no disposition to allude to matters which are as unpalatable to the *Standard* as the late defeat of Gov. Holden, and certainly would not now call it up but for the strange argument of that paper. Let us throw it into a syllogistic form:

"The *Sentinel* not only admits, but will insist that President Johnson is the most popular man in the State."

But "Gov. Holden is his appointee and representative, and as such has carried out his views in all respects."

Therefore, Gov. Holden is the most popular man in the State, or "if Gov. Holden is unpopular in this State, so is President Johnson."

We leave the reader to form his own opinion of the aptness or the fallacy of the argument. The whole article is filled with the like characteristic blunders, not to call them *mistakes*.

We are prepared to show, not only that the defeat of Gov Holden has damaged the cause of restoration, but that a large disloyal vote was polled against him, and that in no previous campaign in the State has there been more money expended, or more wilful and wicked falsehoods conceived, uttered and circulated, than were brought to bear against him.—*Standard.*

We promise to give a calm consideration to any sober discussion of any of the above assumptions. To make them good, the writer must draw more largely on his imagination, than ever man did. The assertion that more money was expended &c. will astound every body. The little printing that we did or know of being done, constitutes the amount of money expended. The bills on that account would not publish the Governor's proclamation three weeks, at the rates charged by one of his supporters.

Orphan's Education Fund.

At a called meeting of the Directors and Donors of this fund, held on Thursday last, it was agreed that the contributions of the donors be returned to them. This, it is said, the Treasurer is prepared to do. The Association has therefore been dis-

Legislature Elections.

The following officers have been elected by the Legislature during the present session:

Thomas Settle, Speaker of Senate.
J. A. Engelhard, Principal Clerk.
J. H. Albertson, Reading Clerk.
Saml. F. Phillips, Speaker of House.
Seaton Gales, Principal Clerk.
W. M. Hardy, Reading Clerk.
Jas. Page, Doorkeeper of Senate.
H B. Kingsbury, Doorkeeper of House.
Jno Hill, Assistant Doorkeeper.
Edmond B Freeman, Chief Enrolling Clerk.
W. Ms McSween, First Assistant.
John C Hampton Second Assistant.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Hon W. A. Graham for six years from the 4th of March last, and Hon John Pool for the short term which will expire on the 5th of March, 1867.

SUPREME COURT.

R. M. Pearson, Wm. H Battle, Edwin G. Reade.

JUDGES AND SOLICITORS.

1st Judicial Circuit—D. A. Barnes, Judge; M. H Eure, Solicitor.

2d Circuit—E J Warren, Judge; W. T. Faircloth, Solicitor.

3rd Circuit—Daniel G. Fowle, Judge; Sion H. Rogers, Attorney General

4th Circuit—R B. Gilliam, Judge; Thomas Settle Solicitor.

5th Circuit—R. P Buxton, Judge; Neill McKay, Solicitor.

6th Circuit—Anderson Mitchell, Judge; L. Q. Sharpe, Solicitor.

7th. Circuit—W. W Shipp, Judge; W. P. Bynum, Solicitor.

8th. Circuit—A S. Merrimon Judge; David Coleman, Solicitor.

STATE OFFICERS.

Robert W. Best, of Green, Secretary of State
Kemp P. Battle, of Wake, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Comptroller.
Sion H Rogers, Attorney General.

Councillors of State—Wm. Eaton, Jr., of Warren, Daniel L Russell, Sr., of Brunswick, W. W Lenoir of Caldwell, J. J Yeates of Hertford, W. A. Wright of New Hanover, C. J. Cowles of Wilkes, and Henry A. Lemley of Forsythe.

Captions.

We publish the Captions of the Acts passed by the Legislature, so far as they have been completed. We are indebted to the Secretary of State for them.

Capt. Wilson.

The following decision in the case of Capt. Wilson by Judge Fowle, will be read with interest. He is in feeble health and needs clemency and consideration. We know nothing about the charges against him, but from a slight acquaintance, we take him to be a man of honorable impulses, and incapable of committing acts of inhumanity, or of wantonly and wickedly injuring any one.

State vs. Reuben E. Wilson.

On Tuesday, December 12th, appeared before Hon. Daniel G. Fowle, Judge 3d Judicial Circuit, the parties in the above cause by Hons. Sion H. Rogers, Attorney General, and Thomas Settle for the Prosecution, and Hons John A Gilmer, James M. Leach and J T Morehead for the defendant. The examination of witnesses occupied Tuesday, the arguments of the counsel Wednesday, and on Thursday His Honor Judge Fowle delivered the following opinion:

HABEAS CORPUS—EX PARTE WILSON

The petitioner is held in custody by the Sheriff of Forsythe County, under a charge of murder, by virtue of a warrant of commitment, issued by Justices of the Peace for said County.

It is not necessary for the purposes of this decision, to discuss either the law or the facts of the case, so far as they bear upon the alleged crime, and the Court does not wish to be understood as intimating our opinion, either as to the guilt or innocence of the petitioner.

It is in evidence that the time of the commission of the alleged offences was on or about the 15th day of March, 1865; and it is also shown by the testimony of a distinguished physician of this city, Dr. Wm. H McKee, that the petitioner's "general health is evidently declining and confinement in a close prison would, in his judgment, be attended with very serious consequences if not fatal to him."

All of the elementary writers agree that a judge may in the exercise of his discretion and authority, accept bail on charges, even of murder—1—Chitty Crim Law—98.

But this discretion is never exercised, unless there are some particular circumstances in favor of the party charged, or cogent reason to induce the court to grant the indulgence.—Petersduff on Bail—483.

Sickness or bad health has been often held to be a sufficient circumstance to justify the exercise of the discretion, especially before trial.—Ibid, 484.

It is not the object of the law to kill by confinement, and in Lord Aylesbury's case, reported in 1 Salk. 103, it was held that when a party has been confined in jail for a length of time, so as to endanger his life he may be bailed.

These cases, if I mistake not, were after indictment; the principle applies with much more force in a case like the present, which has never been submitted to the investigation of a grand jury.

There is another point presented by the evidence, to which it is proper to advert.

In the amendments to the Constitution of the United States, Art. 6—it is declared that "In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial."

That distinguished jurist Judge Heath, late one of the Judges of our Superior Court, has often declared, that it was his custom to admit to bail any person charged with murder, when the case had once been continued, upon the part of the State, and a second continuance was applied for by the prosecuting officer

Judge Bailey, whilst riding the circuit, acted upon this rule, and at Pitt Superior Court, in 1862-'63 admitted to bail the Lathams, who were indicted for murder, upon a second continuance being granted the State

The judicial officers of our courts of criminal judicature in exercising their functions, under the appointment of Provisional Governor, and it has been held upon the circuit, as I have been informed, by Judges Mitchell and Gilliam, that the Provisional Courts, had no power to try offences, when the offence was committed prior to the 29th May, 1865, that being the period at which the Provisional Government commenced its existence.

The point was ruled in the same way by me, at a court of Oyer and Terminer held for Randolph County in October last, and the grand jury was instructed that the only jurisdiction which could be exercised in said cases, was to hold the parties to bail, if the offence was bailable, for their appearance at the next regular term of the Superior Court.

It is entirely uncertain at what time North Carolina will be re-admitted to the Union, and the regular terms of our Superior Courts re-established.

It is considered by the Court, that the petitioner be discharged from custody, upon entering into recognizance, with approved sureties, in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars for his appearance at the first term of the Superior Court of law, to be held for Forsythe County. Let the papers be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county, who will grant copies, &c

DANIEL G FOWLE, Judge, &c.

Raleigh, Dec 14, 1865.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Dec. 15th, 1865.

Mr. Ferebee from the committee on Military Affairs submitted the following special report, viz:

The committee on Military Affairs, who were instructed by a resolution of the Senate, to ascertain whether ammunition and arms can be immediately obtained for the State militia, organized under a recent ordinance of the Convention, have discharged that duty and submit the following report:

The committee waited upon Maj. Gen. Thos H. Ruger, commanding the department of North Carolina, at his Headquarters in Raleigh, and laid before him a copy of the Senate's resolution At this interview, the committee stated that in their opinion, much apprehension existed in the public mind of an immediate outbreak or insurrectionary movement on the part of the negroes, during the approaching Christmas holidays, that their apprehensions proceeded from reports widely current, and believed not to be without foundation of menacing language and unexplained and significant acts—expressions of discontent proceeding from many of them, and that this uneasiness was largely increased by the fact that in some localities, and especially in the Eastern part of the State—the whole white population, to a greater or less degree, has been deprived of their arms, while on the other hand, the negroes, many of whom have been recently discharged from the military service of the United States have arms.

The committee further stated to Gen. Ruger, that even the police ordered for the several counties were imperfectly organized and poorly provided with arms, and it was important that arms should be supplied to them.

Gen. Ruger received the committee with courtesy, and was frank and unreserved, in the expression of his own views, on the subject to which his attention had been invited. From any information which he had been able to obtain, he did not regard a projected insurrectionary movement, among the freedmen, as at all probable; and if attempted, he believed the force under his command, was adequate to any emergency likely to arise He however stated that he would embody his answer to the Senate resolution in a written communication, addressed to the chairman of the committee on military affairs. His communication has since been received.

Failing in this attempt to procure arms and ammunition, for the purpose of "enabling the militia in the State, recently organized in each county, under the ordinance of the Convention, as auxiliary to the police authorities to more effectually suppress any insurrectionary movement," the committee know of no other source from which they can be immediately obtained. They have therefore instructed me to report the resolution back to the Senate, with the accompanying answer of Maj. Gen. Ruger, and ask to be discharged from the further consideration of the same.

D. D. FEREBEE,
Chairman:

HEAD QUARTERS, DEP'T. OF N. C.,
Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 14, 1865.

HON. D. D. FEREBEE:

Chairman Senate Committee on Military Affairs, Raleigh, N. C.:

SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of copy of resolutions as follows:

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed whether or not ammunition and arms can be immediately obtained, with a view of enabling the militia of the State, recently organized in each county under an ordinance of the Convention, as auxiliary to the police authorities, to more effectually suppress any insurrectionary movement on the part of "free negroes," should they attempt it and report by bill or otherwise;" and in reply to inquiry based thereon, I have no authority to order the issue of arms or ammunition to any militia organization of the State. The manner in which such issues are made by the General Government to the several States is prescribed by act of Congress, and does not come within my province as Department commander.

The use, as stated in the resolution for which arms and ammunition are desired, is to suppress any insurrectionary movement on the part of the freedmen. The matter of a possible outbreak on the part of freedmen in certain parts of the State, during the season of the coming holidays, has been brought to my attention, but I have been unable to ascertain that there is any evidence of such intention on their part. There is sufficient force at the disposal of the military authorities to enforce order.

The concentration of all colored troops, whose presence has been a source of disquiet to the people of some localities, to the sea coast. First under recent orders and the garrisoning of Stations formerly occupied by them by white troops, should when taken in connection with the fact that the troops will be so stationed as to be within easy reach of all parts of the State be sufficient to allay apprehension to be inferred as existing from the resolution above quoted.—The local police companies in localities where there are no troops stationed, would have authority to act in case of emergency with the assistance, if necessary, of the people, could promptly suppress any attempted outbreak,

Very Respectfully Your O bt Serv't.
THOS H. RUGER,
Brv't Maj Genl. Comd'g.

Mr. Faison from the committee of conference upon the bill regulating the salary of the Comptroller, reported that they had not been able to agree, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject at the present session.

An engrossed bill to amend an Act entitled "An Act concerning the county site of Mitchell county was under a suspension of the rules; on motion of Mr Gash, passed its several readings.

Mr. Cowles from the Committee on Claims reported favorably upon a resolution in favor of Briggs and Dodd, which on motion of Mr. Jones of Wake, passed its several readings and ordered to be engrossed.

The bill to prevent horse stealing, as amended by Mr. Howard, making the second offence punishable with death, passed its second reading

Mr. Jones of Columbus, from the committee on Internal Improvements, reported favorably upon the bill for the relief of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad, and the bill under a suspension of the rules upon motion of Mr Columbus passed its several readings The title was amended and ordered to be enrolled.

Mr. Cowles demanded the yeas and nays upon the passage of the bill, but was not sustained.—He desired to record his vote against it.

Mr. Wiggins from committee on Finance, reported adversely to the bill to repeal sec. 3 of an ordinance passed by the Convention to raise revenue. (Proposed to repeal the tax on liquor)

An engrossed bill to authorize the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad to establish a Ferry at Gaston, was on motion of Mr. Howard, taken up and passed and ordered to be enrolled.

Leaves of absence for the remainder of the session were granted to Messrs. Boner and Bullock

The hour having arrived to administer the oaths of office to the Governor elect, the Senate repaired to the Hall of the House of Commons. (See House proceedings)

Upon the return of the Senate to their Chamber, the special order came up for consideration viz: The resolution touching the amendment to the Constitution of the United States, known as the 13th article.

Mr. Wilson advocate the passage of the resolution and *Mr.* Warren opposed.

The resolution was adopted and ordered to be engrossed

Mr. Howard introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Judiciary committee enquire whether any legislation can be adopted with justice to the Sheriffs of the State whereby the expenses of making their returns in *February* next can be decreased.

On motion of *Mr.* Arendell the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, Dec 15, 1865.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock A M.

Prayer by Rev. L. Branson of Methodist Episcopal Church.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved

Mr Manly from the Judiciary committee reported back sundry bills and resolutions.

Mr Blackmer from the committee on Corporations reported back with an amendment the bill to amend the charter of the town of High Point. The amendment was adopted and the bill passed its several readings under a suspension of rules.

Mr. Hutchison introduced a resolution to send a message to the Senate proposing to rescind so much of the joint order for adjournment as provides for the reassembling of the Legislature on the 1st Monday in February next, and proposing further that the 4th Monday in January be substituted. Not agreed to—ayes 37, nays 49.

Mr Burgess introduced a like resolution proposing to change the time of re-assembling from February to June.

Mr Scoggin moved to amend this resolution by substituting March for June.

On motion of Mr. Waugh, the amendment (carrying the resolution) was laid on the table

Mr. Jenkins of Warren introduced a bill to authorize the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad to establish a ferry over Roanke River at Gaston for the transportation of freight and passengers. The rules were suspended and this bill passed its several readings.

Mr. Holderby introduced a resolution of inquiry as to the amount and value of Swamp Lands belonging to the Literary Fund. Referred to the committee on Swamp Lands.

The following engrossed "resolutions concerning the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind," passed their several readings under a suspension of the rules.

Resolved. That the Board of Directors of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, be requested to resume the regular exercises of the Institution on the first day of January, A. D. 1866.

Resolved, That His Excellency, W. W. Holden, Provisional Governor be requested to furnish such funds as may be absolutely necessary for the support of the Institution, during the continuance of the Provisional Government.

Mr. Murrill from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported back the "bill to authorize the Commissioners of the town of Fayetteville to issue certificates of indebtedness, and appoint assessors of taxables, recommending its passage. The bill was amended by authorizing only the issue of $10,000 worth of such certificates, and then passed its 2nd and 3rd readings under a suspension of the rules.

ON CALENDAR.

A bill to amend the charter of the Tuckasegee and Keowee Turnpike Road, passed its 2nd and 3rd readings

A bill for the relief of poor debtors, was rejected on 2nd reading

A resolution appropriating $44,417, for the support of the Asylum for the Insane, passed its 2nd reading.

On motion of Mr. Blackmer, the rules were suspended. The resolution was put on its third reading and was rejected.

On motion of Mr. McKay, this vote was reconsidered, and the resolution was referred on motion of Mr. Smith of Hertford, to the finance committee.

A bill to prevent the discontinuance of causes in certain cases, was amended, and then passed its 2nd and 3rd readings.

A bill regulating the terms of the Supreme Court and for other purposes, was amended, and then passed its 2nd and 3rd readings.

A bill to repeal the 10th section of the 12th chapter of the acts of Assembly—second extra session, 1861, passed 2nd and 3rd reading.

A resolution in favor of the Provisional Sheriffs was rejected on 2nd reading.

A bill for the relief of citizens of Yancey county, was laid on the table on 2nd reading.

The hour noon having arrived, Jonathan Worth, Governor elect accompanied by His Excellency, W. W. Holden, Provisional Governor, his Honor Judge Fowle, and the Joint Committee of Arrangements, appeared in the Hall of the House of Commons, where in the presence of the Senate and Commons, the oaths of office were administered and duly subscribed.

The Governor elect then addressed the Assembly as follows:

Gentlemen of the Senate,
and of the House Commons:

If I were about to enter on the discharge of my duties you would expect me, according to usage, on this occasion to declare my views on some of the subjects likely to require executive action.

As the ordinance of the Convention under which I have been elected, provides that I am not to act until the Provisional Government shall be discontinued, and as that discontinuance may not occur, during my official term, I deem it premature and inappropriate to discuss subjects on which I may not be allowed to take action.

I regard it, however, as a fit occasion for me to declare, that the people of North Carolina, impoverished by the late desolating war, and discouraged by the uncertainties of the future, ardently desire a restoration of the Union, and of civil government. The animosities which produced and grew out of the war, on our part, are rapidly passing away. All good and wise men feel that the common good of our whole country requires the suppression of the sectional criminations and recriminations, from which have sprung our national calamities. I am sure that the great body of our people desire that national amity shall be restored Such I am assured and believe is the general feeling among those we lately called our foes. Such is peculiarly the case amongst the brave men who perilled their lives in the respective armies, lately engaged in mortal combat. The brave are always generous.

Admonished by the recent past, surely the virtue of this great nation will not again surrender itself to the guidance of turbulent sectional leaders.

I am sure all our people if now admitted into full communion with the United States, upon the terms prescribed by the President, (with all which terms we have fully complied,) would perform all their constitutional obligations, with as much fidelity as any people in the Union.—Unfounded distrust will not beget kindness and confidence We ought to be judged by our acts. To them I appeal for the verification of my assertions.

We honor the generous magnanimity and elevated statesmanship exhibited in the President's plan of re construction. It looks to the permanent good of the *whole* nation,—and in view of the appalling difficulties with which he was surrounded, is probably the wisest practicable plan which could be desired. We have promptly, and almost unanimously complied with all its provisions—by declaring our ordinance of secession null and void; by amending our constitution abolishing slavery, repudiating our war debt, ratifying the amendment to the constitution of the United States forever prohibiting slavery in the States and by solemnly taking an oath renewing our allegiance to the United States. If all these *acts* are held insufficient to entitle us to confidence, we can scarcely hope to do anything which will be held satisfactory. I will vouch for North Carolina, if not driven to despair by ungenerous distrust. She will grasp the hand of reconciliation, if offered with generous and magnanimous confidence. I return to the people of North Carolina my most profound thanks for the distinguished honor they have done me, in electing me as their chief magistrate,—and if I shall be called upon to perform the duties of the position, I shall most fervently implore the Giver of all good to inspire me with ability to discharge my duties in a manner acceptable to the State, and promotive of the best interests of her people. [Prolonged Applause.]

The Senators having withdrawn to their chamber, Mr. Dalby, by leave, introduced a resolution of inquiry relative to the expediency of selling certain stocks belonging to the State. Referred to the finance committee.

A message was received from the Senate, asking the concurrence of the House in an amendment to the title of the bill for the relief of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company. The House concurred.

The amended title is as follows: A bill authorizing and directing the renewal of certain State Bonds in the hands of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company.

A bill to authorize A. C. Latham, late Sheriff of Craven county, to collect arrears of taxes, passed its 2nd and 3rd readings.

The House then adjourned until 10 o'clock, to morrow.

CAPTIONS

Of the Acts and Resolutions passed by the General Assembly, called Session of 1865.

1. Resolution concerning the *per diem* and mileage of the officers and members of the Legislature; allows the Speakers of the two Houses ten dollars per day; each member six; Principal Clerks seven each; Doorkeepers, each seven dollars per day, and twenty cents per mile to and from the Capitol.

2. Resolution adopting the Constitutional amendment abolishing slavery within the United States; declares that neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

3. Resolutions declaring the loyalty of the people of North Carolina, declares that the people of this State are loyal to the Government of the United States, and are ready to make any concession, not inconsistent with their honor and safety, for the restoration of that harmony upon which their prosperity and safety depends.

4. An Act to amend an Act passed at the session of the General Assembly of 1860-61 entitled "An Act to appoint Tax Collectors for Bertie and other Counties." repeals so much of the Act as refers to the County of Bertie.

5 An Act concerning the burning of the Register's books, and the destroying of the Records, and unregistered papers by the Federal army, in the Register's Office, in the County of Sampson; provides that copies of all deeds and instruments shall be recorded and registered; and where there are no copies of the same, copies of intermediate instruments upon satisfactory proof before any court of such conveyance having been made, shall be admitted to registration. And any person or persons who have been in the continued and quiet possession of lands and tenements (whose deeds have been burned) for the space of seven years claiming them under known boundaries, shall be deemed to have been lawfully possessed of the same. Provided that such possession shall have commenced before the destruction of the Register's Books, and such person shall make affidavit and produce satisfactory proof to the court.

6. An Act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the French Broad River, in the county of Buncombe.

7. An Act to amend an Act ratified January, 1849, in reference to amending the charter for building a bridge across Pasquotank River.

8. An Act to amend section third, chapter 86, Revised Code, amended by adding after the word "Court House" "or such other places as a majority of the Court may agree upon."

9. An Act to provide for the holding of Courts in the County of Washington, gives a majority of the magistrates the privilege of holding the regular Courts at any place in the town of Plymouth, and if a majority cannot decide for the Special Court to do so, and also confirms and legalizes all proceedings entered on record since the burning of the Court House; and that the clerks shall not be compelled to keep their offices at the Court House, and also directs the Chairman to have the justices summoned to meet in Plymouth to determine when the Court shall be held.

10 An Act to incorporate Stokesburg Lodge, No. 220, of A. Y. M. in the county of Stokes.

11 Resolution in favor of Hon Z. B. Vance, declares that we have entire confidence in his loyalty and honor, and would be pleased to see an extension of the Executive clemency in his pardon.

12. An Act to amend an act passed at the session of 1854-55, to incorporate the Little River Turnpike Company. *Provided*, that at their next annual meeting, (a majority of the stock being represented,) they may by a majority vote surrender their chartered privileges to all that portion of the road North of the late residence of C C. Orr deceased, and retain all their rights and privileges to the South end of said road, with the privilege of keeping but one Toll Gate at a time.

13 An Act to modify an Ordinance to organize a temporary force for the preservation of law and order, provides that when the forces have not been organized, the officers shall be elected by the citizens enrolled instead of being appointed by the Justices of the Peace.

14. An Act to extend the time of registering Deeds and other Conveyances, extends the time to three years from and after the ratification of this act.

15. An Act to extend the charter of the bank of the State of North Carolina; extends the charter to the first day of January 1868, and give, it the power of making an assignment of all its assets for the equal benefit of all its creditors whenever it may deem it expedient to do so.

16. Resolution authorizing the Secretary of State to send Convention documents to the Clerks of the County Courts of the State, requires ten copies to be sent to each Clerk.

17. Resolution of instruction to the Attorney General to bring suit against Rail Roads, for forfeiture of Charter, when they have granted exclusive privileges to persons or Companies.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

A GOOD TANNER, TO TAKE CHARGE OF A Tannery in Edgecombe County, near Tarboro, N. C. A comfortable house and sufficient land attached to get wood, make bread, and raise meat.
Apply immediately with references, to
DR J. W. JONES, Tarboro, N. C.
December 16, 1865-101-2w.
Standard please copy.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!

FOR CHRISTMAS,
AT
C. J. IREDELL & CO'S,
No 1 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N C.
Raleigh, December 16 110—1w.

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE 30TH SESSION WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, the 12th of February, in the magnificent building erected by the Grand Lodge of North Carolina.
For Circulars, showing the course of instruction, terms, regulations, &c, apply to
J. H. MILLS, Oxford, N. C.
December 16-115—1012aw-pd.

FOR RENT.

A LARGE AND CONVENIENTLY CONSTRUCTED house with ten rooms on Fayetteville Street, kitchen with five rooms, stables, all necessary out houses and one acre of ground.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Dec 16 1t.

DR. J. R. G FAUCETTE, Of Greensboro, N C.
J C FAUCETTE, Of Alamance, N C.

Faucette & Bro.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
Purchasing Agents,
AND
GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,
Opposite the Gaston House,
NEWBERN, N. C.
December 16 110-3ms.

J. A. THURSTON,

Old Stand of Henry Porter, Fayetteville St.
RALEIGH, N. C.,

BEING OBLIGED TO VACATE HIS STORE ON the 1st of January, offers for sale his entire Stock

AT COST,

consisting of every variety of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
RUBBERS, BROGANS,
SHOE FINDINGS, &c, &c.
Having purchased his stock direct from the Manufacturers for Cash, will sell cheaper than others can.
Call and see for yourself.
Raleigh, Dec 16-101-tljan.

WM. J. BAKER, PULASKI COWPER, WM. H. JONES.

BAKER, COWPER, & CO.,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION
Merchants,
AND BROKERS.
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

WILL SELL ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE AND goods of any description on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts, keep on hand for sale, and will buy and sell Gold and Silver Coin and Bank Notes. Dec 15—109—3m.

For Sale.

SUPERIOR Durham and Stonewall Smoking Tobacco in two pound boxes.
Large Onions by the barrel.
A large quantity of Flour, various brands. Bacon Sides, Plantation Bitters, Chewing Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars and Nails. BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15, 1865-109-tf.

For Sale.

HOME made Carpeting, Sweet Oil by the case, and a first rate article of Sole Leather.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15 109—tf

For Sale.

SILVER FRUIT Baskets, Silver Waiters, Spoons and Forks, large Punch Bowl and Silver Egg-stand. BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15-109-tf.

For Sale.

2 HANDSOME Travelling Baskets. fine English Mustard, Spun Cotton, China, Cheese, Sugar, Children's Hose.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15-109-tf

The Enterprise.

AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, I SHALL COMmence, in the city of Raleigh, the publication of a Weekly Family Newspaper, to be a means of communication for christian gentlemen and ladies. Its columns will be open for moral and Literary articles especially, and also for such advertisements as become a first class Family Journal. It is to be the organ of myself and my friends. I may say that I have not been largely solicited to commence the ENTERPRISE, my friends not knowing that I desire to become Editor. I am bound by no party or denominational influences, but desire the *Enterprise* to be fully dedicated to "EVERY GOOD WORD AND WORK."

The man who is most useful to himself, is, in the largest sense, most useful to mankind. Hence, I ask you to help me, because I shall then be the better able to help you. Good men ought to subscribe to the *Enterprise*, because it will aid the Editor; and bad men ought to subscribe for the same good reason.

On the first issue, I shall take means at once to place the *Enterprise* on the tables of 10,000 families in North Carolina.

TERMS:

For twelve months,	$4 00
For six months,	2 00

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates.
Send your subscriptions at once per mail, as I have no special agents.
Most respectfully,
L. BRANSON, Raleigh, N. C.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

Rev. Dr. Deems.

We are requested to announce, that Dr. Deems will preach in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, and in the Methodist Church at night.

Christ Church congregation in this city propose to establish a mission, to be called St Paul's Church, to be located on Missionary Hill. The friends of the enterprise throughout the State, are solicited to contribute to it. Donations should be forwarded to Rev. Dr. *Mason*, Rector of Christ Church.

Maj. Gen. Ruger has issued an order, calling upon all persons to whom horses or mules were loaned by the government last summer, to return them at once to Capt. Garoutte in this city, or to A. M. Robinson, Oxford, or N. S. Johnson at Fayetteville. The stock will be sold at Oxford Dec. 27th, at Fayetteville, 3rd Jan. and in this city on the 9th of Jan.

LADIES FAIR.—The ladies connected with the Episcopal congregation have held a Fair for several nights, and we learn have done well. The object we understand is to build a Sunday school room with the proceeds.

Advertisements.

The reader's attention is called to our advertising columns.

Messrs. Faucette & Bro. Commission merchants Newbern, have opened Store. See card.

A good tanner wanted by Dr. Jones of Tarboro.

Houses for sale and rent by Baker, Cowper & Co.

J. A. Thurston offers his stock of Boots & Shoes at Cost.

Messrs. Mitchell & Allen Newbern, have a fine Stock.

Messrs. Baker, Cowper & Co., invite attention to many articles.

SELLING AT COST.—Mr. Jas. McKimmon offers his goods at cost.

The Granite Shoal Cotton Factory in Catawba Co., is for sale. It is desirable property.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.—Mr. P. Theim at his variety store offers many nice things.

Davenport Female College will open its exercises on the 20th of Feb. under the Presidency of Rev. J. R. Griffeth. It is a good school in a good location.

ROSIN OIL.—This useful article is manufactured in any quantity by *Messrs.* Martin & Hallett of Wilmington.

Louisburg Female College opens on the second Wednesday in January under the Presidency of Rev. T. M. Jones.

CULTIVATE COTTON.—See Mr. Dancy's proposition.

Murfreesboro Female College opened its exercises in October last.

Andrews & Bardin of Wilmington are agents for Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes.

St. Mary's School opens its 47th session on the 17th of Jan.

Wm. C. Doub's School opens its next session on the 18th Jan.

Oxford Female College.

The indefatigable proprietor and President Mr. J. H. Mills, of this institution has recently purchased the fine buildings of St. John's College, Oxford, and will open the Female College in those buildings on the 12 of Feb. next. His success shows what energy and tact will accomplish. The Grand Lodge of the State sold the buildings to Mr. Mills for $8,000.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—In the Senate, Mr. Foot, of Vermont, announced the death of Senator Collamer and offered the usual resolutions of respect to memory of deceased.

Several other Senators joined in paying tributes of esteem.

In the House of Representatives, the following committee was appointed to take into consideration the condition of the late so-called Confederate States:

Stevens, of Pa., Washburne, of Ill., Morrill, of Vt., Guthrie, of Ky., Bingham, of Ohio, Conklin, of N. Y., Boutwell, of Mass., Blow, of Mo., and Rogers, of N. Y.

The House resolved that all papers which may be offered in relation to the condition of the late so-called Confederate States, shall be referred without debate and no member shall be admitted from either of said States, or either of them entitled to representation, until Congress shall so decide.

Several eulogies were delivered on death of late Senator Collamer.

Governor Elect of Georgia to be Inaugurated.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., Dec. 14.—Provisional Governor Johnson sent a dispatch to the legislature, this morning, from President Johnson, stating that the Governor elect, Mr. Jenkins, should be inaugurated in a few days, when the former would receive instructions relative to being relieved.

The President also highly commends the administration and course of the provisional governor.

Negro Disaffection.

Within the past two weeks, we have noticed in our exchanges from different parts of the Union, paragraphs in relation to threatened negro insurrections. We have purposely refrained from publishing them for reasons which we deem perfectly satisfactory. We have at the same time received inklings of the deviltry hatching among disaffected negroes in our own city and vicinity, which we have kept from the public, for reasons equally satisfactory. We speak of it now to let the public know that we have not been asleep in regard to those affairs which are interesting to *every* unfortunate white person.

How far the military authorities of this section are posted in regard to the movements of the disaffected "moaks," of course, we are unable to state, but have sufficient reason to believe they are awake to the important events of the day.

That there is a partially, or fully organized plot of rascality on foot among the recently freed negroes, we have not the slightest doubt. They have imbibed the idea that the property of their late owners is to be divided among them by the United States authorities; and it has become necessary recently, to disabuse their minds of this idea, by direct orders from high military authority. They do not like it, of course, and we can very readily see the natural tendency of the negro mind when he sees his hopes disappointed

Well, if white people would exhibit a proper amount of discretion, they would lose no time in preparing for a day which may require their presence at their homes. The negroes are doing it; and if any one doubts it, let him go to the different dealers in powder, lead, caps, and fire arms, in the city of Newbern.—*Newbern Times.*

A letter has been lately received by the members of the Second Baptist Church in Richmond, from the Rev. J. L. M. Curry, of *Alabama*, declining the pastorate of the church which was tendered him some time since.

Comparative Numbers of the Two Armies of Generals Grant and Lee.

The report of the Secretary of War throws light on a matter of history in regard to which much interest has been felt by the public. We refer to the strength of the Army of the Potomac, under the immediate command of General Meade, but directly by the Lieutenant General, at the two important periods of the spring of 1864, and the spring of 1865. General Meade crossed the Rapidan, on the 4th of May, 1864, with 120,380. General Grant says, in his report, that "by six o'clock of the morning of the 6th, he (General Burnside) was leading his corps into action near the Wilderness tavern." Burnside's force (the Ninth corps) numbered 20,000 men. Thus, in the second battle (Wilderness) after crossing the Rapidan, General Meade had, under his immediate command, one hundred and forty-odd thousand troops. From the best information we can obtain, General Lee's army commenced this series of battle about seventy thousand strong, and received no reinforcements, except the small force of three or four thousand that came from the Valley under Breckinridge, shortly before the battle of Cold Harbor. After the battle of Spotsylvania Court House, reinforcements, in large numbers, were sent to General Grant from Washington; and upon his forming a junction with General Butler, he was reinforced by the whole strength of the Army of the James. In the meantime General Lee had been compelled to weaken himself by sending Breckinridge back to the Valley, and dispatching Early, with some fifteen or twenty thousand men, to meet Hunter, then moving on Lynchburg.—This reduction of force was not compensated by the accession gained from the garrison of Richmond and the force between this city and Petersburg under Beaureguard.

On the 1st of March, 1865, a month before the final and successful assault on Lee's lines, the strength of the army of the Potomac is given by Secretary Stanton as 103,273. This was the "available force present for duty." The exact strength of the army of the James, at that date, is not stated; but the number of troops present for duty in the Department of Virginia, was 45,986. These, without doubt, were nearly all with General Butler. Added to the army of the Potomac, they make 149 259. It was understood in Richmond that, in addition to the numbers here given, General Grant was receiving heavy reinforcements all through March, and it is known that towards the close of that month, he was joined by General Sheridan with his splendid cavalry. Altogether, it seems probable that the force in front of Richmond and Petersburg nearly approximated, if it did not reach, 200,000. To meet this immense array, General Lee could muster not more then forty thousand men. The number surrendered by him is stated in the report as 27,805; but we believe the number on duty, with arms in their hands, the morning of the day on which the surrender was made, did not reach 8,000. If it be said that 40 000 men behind such defences as had been constructed around this city, ought to have been able to resist 200,000, the reply is that the skilful manoeuvering of General Grant compelled General Lee to so extend his lines that his works were at no point sufficiently manned. Where his line was first broken the men stood ten or fifteen paces apart.

These figures are given as matters of general and historic interest, and not for the sake of making comparisons or suggesting conclusions to the disparagement of either side.—*Rich. Whig.*

"The Bravest are the Tenderest."

The report of Lieutenant General Grant shows, in a very conspicuous manner, the generosity of his temper, and we quote with peculiar pleasure his testimony as to the good conduct of the men who lately confronted his army. He says: "Let (us) then hope for perpetual peace with that enemy whose manhood however mistaken the cause, drew forth such herculean deeds of valor."

This testimony was not needed, for the civilized world had awarded us praise for bravery and fortitude; but we hail this announcement from the Commander in Chief with peculiar satisfaction, as a contrast to the narrow and sectional views of Sumner, Wilson and Co. In contrast with these gentlemen who never smelt gunpowder—one who declined to head his regiment—we give this declaration of the Commander-in-Chief, and regard it as an evidence of the magnanimity of the man.—*Norfolk Virginian.*

B F. Butler.

The following resolution was recently presented to the House of Representatives of Virginia by Mr. Hurst of Norfolk:

Whereas, It is currently reported and generally believed that the celebrated Hudibrastic General B. F. Butler is about to take charge of this military department, with powers extraordinary, therefore,

Resolved, That whatever money may remain in the State Treasury be immediately divided among the widows and orphans of deceased soldiers, and couriers be dispatched in the various counties requesting the people to secret or bury their plate.

The reading of the resolution gave rise to considerable merriment, and was laid on the table on motion of Mr. Ellis.

REPUDIATION IN MISSISSIPPI.—The Jackson (Miss.) *Clarion* says:

On Monday last the most sweeping repudiating resolution ever presented to a deliberate assembly was adopted by the Senate. It declares that debt against the State, whether on account of salaries of officers, Treasury notes, 'change bills or otherwise, originating between the 9th day of January, 1861, and the 16th day of October, 1861; and the Treasurer of the State is hereby directed not to pay any warrant or claim based upon any such demand: and all receivers of public moneys are hereby forbidden to receive any such warrant or demand for dues to the State.

GEORGIA SENATORS.—In Georgia there are a number of names mentioned for United States Senator. The most prominent are, Henry R. Jackson, Herschel V Johnson, and Provisional Governor James Johnson. Lucius J. Gartrell and James S. Seward are also spoken of. The choice of the Legislature would certainly fall almost unanimously on Howell Cobb for one of the Senators, but he refused to be a candidate.

In the Albama House, Mr. Smith of Choctaw, has introduced a bill to prohibit the marriage, &c., between the white and black races. Inter-marriage is made felony by the bill, punishable by imprisonment for the whites and branding and whipping for the negroes. Other disreputable connections between the races subject the whites to a fine of one thousand dollars, and imprisonment in the county jail for twelve months. The other parties to the crime are to receive "one hundred lashes on his or her bare back."

THE CONSERVATIVE REPUBLICANS.—Senators *Doolittle*, of Wisconsin, and Dixon of Connecticut, will be among the first in the Senate to make speeches opposing the House proposition for a joint committee of fifteen on the question of reconstruction. It may be added here that the published statement that joint resolutions of that nature require the signature of the Presidens is entirely erroneous.—*Wash. Corres. Cth.*

The distinguished Methodist divine, the Rev. Dr. Sehon, of Nashville, preached to an immense audience at the Cooper Institute, in New York on Sunday.

Enough has transpired since the war to prove that the Southern people are sincerely desirous of a genuine reconciliation. They have with one accord acknowledged themselves utterly vanquished. They began by accepting the broad amnesty oath of President Johnson without hesitation or reserve. They continued by putting themselves promptly into the path which he indicated would take them back into the Union They received the leaders he assigned them as Provisional Governors, and treated them with all respect and confidence though many of them had never before been the men of their choice. They elected conventions, composed, for the most part, of men in full sympathy with the government, and these conventions remodeled the State constitutions in substantial accordance with the suggestions of President Johnson. Their Legislatures have been animated with a similar anxiety to satisfy the government at Washington. We believe that there has not been an instance of a persistent holding out by any Southern convention or Legislature against any solicitation of President Johnson for the adoption of any measures that in his view would facilitate the work of reconstruction. It is true that the elections for State officers and for Congressmen have been in many cases unsatisfactory. Yet there is no evidence that such elections were inspired by opposition to the government. There is reason to believe that such elections were influenced by personal predelictions and prejudices rather than by political motives. At all events, taking the action of the Southern people since the close of the war *as a whole*, it has been eminently reasonable and proper. History might be searched without finding another instance of a vanquished people submitting with so good a grace. Nobody would have ventured to predict it a year ago. It is opposed to every old conception of the proud and impracticable character of the Southern people.

The great question of the day is, now that we have this display of good sense and good feeling in the Southern people, whether we shall encourage it, and make the best of it, or meet it with distrust and aversion. It is a shame that there should be such a question. The duty of the government and of the Northern people in the premises ought to be plain enough to every man to exclude all questions. As victors in the war we are bound by every manly sentiment to a generous policy of reconciliation. As Union men, in consistent devotion to that cause in the name of which the terrible struggle was maintained, we are morally obliged, in consistency, to do our utmost to have the Union fully restored just so soon as it can be done safely, and without sacrifice of principle. All sacrifice of principle, it is true, ought to be opposed. The time of sacrificing principle to the South for the sake of conciliation and peace has passed forever. There will never be another compromise of right with the South, and we thank heaven for it. But nothing of the kind is asked for now. The only sacrifice that is asked for is a sacrifice of feeling. That ought to be made to the last title. Every old animosity and resentment should be utterly cleared from our souls. Every memory of former wrong should be effaced forever. The favorable disposition of the Southern people should be met with a true brotherly spirit, and the way should be made clear for their early return to the enjoyment of the common birthright. They are a suffering people. The war has left them desolate. Poverty broods from the Atlantic to the Rio Grande. No change is possible until after the securities and blessings of the Constitution are restored. The political and social system of the South must be relieved from all uncertainty, and receive that stimulus that can come only from a participation in all the failure of American life.

And speedy consummation is just as needful for the nation at large as for the South. The national finances, as all admit, are beset with peril. They rest on a foundation of irredeemable paper, which never has been and never can be a safe basis.—What is more necessary than all else to stay up the national credit, and restore soundness to all the business operations of the country, is a regaining of something like the old equilibrium of trade between this and foreign lands. But the preponderance must continue to be scores of millions against us until the great Southern staples are reproduced and supplied for export. As a prerequisite to that, the South must again be vitalized with the life-blood of our institutions Keep her under the iron heel of a military government, and there will be no more chance of her acquiring energy and thrift than there is in the case of Mexico. Treat her with harshness and she will yield to discouragement or, what would be still worse, to rancor and vindictiveness. The South would be worse, even than a paralyzed limb upon our body politic. It would be an incurable ulcer, cankering and consuming the very life of our national system.

Of any specific measures of reconstruction, we do not now speak. We do not regard it as a question of measures so much as of spirit. Let a truly liberal spirit prevail in Congress, and it would very easily shape all the measures needful for just, safe and quick reconstruction. Having that spirit, President Johnson has carried reconstruction to its present stage in a wonderfully short time. He has made no concession of principle, and yet he has inspired the Southern people with such confidence in his good will and fairness, that there is nothing he asks of them which they do not cheerfully accord. No man, to-day, is more popular with the South than he. Congress has but to complete the work of reconstruction in the same generous spirit to bind the South to it, and to its present Northern constituents with hooks of steel. It has but to show a disposition to smoothe and facilitate, rather than impede and bar, to obtain from the South as ready a compliance with every reasonable requirement as has been given to the express desires of President Johnson. Every man in Congress who refuses to show this spirit, and devotes himself to the perpetuation of bitterness towards the South, ought to be accounted a public enemy.—*New York Times.*

Georgia Legislation Relative to the Freedmen Provisional Governor Johnson Asks to be Relieved.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., Dec. 11.—The Senate has passed a bill regulating contracts between master and servant. If for over one month it must be in writing; work hours to be from sunrise to sunset, and servants to be responsible for damaging the master's property; wages forfeited by leaving before the expiration of contract. The employer may discharge for disobedience, drunkenness, immorality, want of respect or for leaving service, enticing servants away, misdemeanors to be punishable with a fine of $4000, or imprisonment for four months.

The House refused to consider the resolution fixing a day for the election of United States Senators by a vote of 90 to 56.

Provisional Governor Johnson sent a telegram last night to Washington asking to be relieved, and asking that the Governor elect, Jenkins, be allowed to take his office.

A Sad Affair.

We understand that Jas. A., son of Mr. Abel Cowan, came to his death in a very sad and deplorable way day before yesterday. The lad aged about six years, was unwell, and his father administered to him a small quantity of spirits, and leaving the vessel containing the remainder in his room, left him alone for a short time. When he returned he found the child in the act of swallowing more.—Medical attendance was procured, but in defiance of all remedies, he died in ten or twelve hours.—*Salisbury Banner.*

A. T. Stewart, the dry goods millionaire in New York, among his other possessions, owns both the St Nicholas and the Metropolitan hotels—the snug sum of $140,000 a year, as their rental, providing him with pocket money to buy cigars with and peanuts.

EX-SENATOR CLAY.—We learn from the [Huntsville] Alabama *Advocate*, that all the property of C. C. Clay, Jr., now a prisoner, has been put in process of confiscation by the United States District Attorney. The Legislature of that State has petitioned the President to release him on his parole.

TELEGRAPHIC.

By the American Telegraph Company.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.

The question as to whether the President's pardon restores the recipient to all political and civil rights, was argued in the Supreme Court to day, and will be continued next Friday.

The decisions by the naval Court Martial in the case of Commodore Craven for refusing to accept the surrender of the Stonewall, and suspending him for two years, has been set aside by the Secretary of the Navy, and restores Craven to duty.

Cotton in New York has declined, sales 1400 bales, at 49 to 50 cts; Naval Stores quiet; Gold 146⅞.

Indiana.

WASINGTON, Dec. 15.

Indiana has officially notified the Secretary of State, to-day of the ratification of the Constitutional amendment.

THE COLORED POPULATION.—In the Indiana State constitution there is a clause prohibiting negroes from entering the State. The Indiana Senate has refused to ratify an amendment repealing that clause. A bill prohibiting intermarriage between whites and blacks has been introduced into the Alabama Legislature.

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

Corrected daily by JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.
Brokers and Dealers in Exchange.
BUYING RATES.

N. C. Bank Notes—Charlotte 35, Miners & Planters 40, and Lexington 30. Bank of N. C., Cape Fear, 40. Farmer's, 37. Merchants 40. Roxboro 40. Wadesboro 25. Thomasville 30; Wilmington 25; Commerce 25; Washington, Fayetteville, Clarendon, Yanceyville, 12½; Greensboro' Mutual, 20.

Virginia Bank Notes, average, 20
South Carolina do do 18
Georgia do do 12½

COIN—Gold $1 44; Silver 1 40.

COUPONS—Old North Carolina, 5; North Carolina Railroad coupons, 95.

BONDS.—North Carolina, 6s, Nine coupons attached, 78.

Exchange on New York selling at ½ premium.

Raleigh Money Market.

Raleigh National Bank of North Carolina.
Buying Rates.
N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear,	40	Bank of Wadesboro	25
" Charlotte,	35	" Wilmington,	25
" Commerce,	25	" Washington,	15
" Clarendon,	14	" Yanceyville	14
" Fayetteville,	15	Commercial, Wilmint'n	22
" Lexington,	30	Farmers, Greensboro,	87
" N. Carolina,	40	Greensboro Mutual,	2½
" Roxboro,	40	Merchants, Newberne,	40
" Thomasville,	30	Miners & Planters,	35

Virginia Bank notes, average, 20
South Carolina " " 18
Georgia " " 12½

COIN—Gold, 1,43; silver 1,38.

COUPONS—Old North Carolina, 50; North Carolina Rail Road Coupons, 95.

BONDS—North Carolina 6s, nine coupons on, 78.

Exchange on New York selling at ½ premium.

RALEIGH MARKET.

Revised and corrected by JORDAN WOMBLE, Grocer and Commission Merchant for all kinds of Country Produce.

Dec. 16, 1865.

FLOUR—family,	12 00	to	00 00
Extra Superfine,	11 00	to	11 50
Superfine,	10 50	to	11 00
CORN—per bushel,	80	to	1 00
BACON—per pound, dull,	22	to	25
LARD—per pound,	25	to	30
BUTTER—per pound, dull	40		
CHICKENS—(Spring,)	25	to	30
EGGS—per dozen,	25	to	30
CHEESE—retail, per pound,			35
APPLES—green, per bushel,	00	to	2 50
PEACHES—dried, per bushel,	2 50	to	3
POTATOES—Irish, per bushel,	50	to	1
POTATOES—Sweet,	75	to	80
ONIONS—per bushel,	1 50	to	2
BEEF—on hoof, per pound,	8	to	20
retail,	12½	to	20
FRESH PORK—per pound, (retail)	15	to	20
MEAL—per bushel, (street price),	1 00	to	1 10
COFFEE—per pound, (retail	45	to	50
SUGAR—Crushed, per pound	35	to	00
White Coffee,	30	to	
Light Brown,			25
Common Brown,			20
PEAS—red and white, per bushel,	75	to	1 00
FODDER—per cwt.	1	to	1 25
OATS—in sheaf,	75	to	1
HAY—newcrop, per cwt.,	75	to	1 00
TOBACCO—per pound, (manufactured),	20	to	50
COTTON—in bale, per cwt.,	30	to	35
COTTON YARN—per bunch,	3 50	to	3 3¼
BEESWAX—per pound,	25	to	
RAGS—clean cotton, per pound			03
LAMB—per head		to	2 3
retail, per pound,	12½	to	50
SALT—per sack [4 bushel]		to	7 20
FLAXSEED—per bushel,	1	to	1 50
NAILS—per pound, by the keg,	10	to	125
PORK—for Bacon.	12½	to	15
TURNIPS—per bushel	1	to	00

For Sale.

NEW YORK Goshen and Grayson, Va. Butter cheap to close consignment.
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Dec 15—109—tf

J. L. DUNN, of N. C.
WITH
Arch'd Young, Garrett & Co.,
Manufactures and Wholesale Dealers in
CLOTHING,
27 CHAMBERS STREET,
Nearly opposite New City Hall.
HENRY L FOSTER,
C. W. GARRETT,
WM. H. WHITEHEAD,
E. YOUNG,
NEW YORK.
Dec 11-105-1w pd

For Sale.

LAW and Miscellaneous Books, &c
BAKER, COWPER & CO.
December 15-109-tf

For Sale.

2 HOUSES AND LOTS on Hillsboro Street—one house a two story, has six rooms with fire place in each, and one room without fire place. The other house has four rooms with fire place in each—all necessary out houses and one acre of land.

The price for the above property is very moderate, with annual payments for three fourths of the purchase money, and interest from date. Title to property retained until all the purchase money is paid.

—ALSO—

A very fine house, nine rooms, and four acres of ground attached

BAKER, COWPER & CO.
Raleigh, December 15—109—1tjan.

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN.
Mitchell & Allen,
Wholesale Dealers in
HARDWARE,
22 POLLOCK STREET,
NEWBERN, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE, AND OFFER FOR SALE—
200 dozen Assorted Locks,
1000 pairs Hinges,
500 gross Screws,
300 dozen Knives and Forks,
150 dozen Pocket knives,
100 dozen Taper, Cross Cut, Mill Saw and Bastard Files.

A full assortment of
CARPENTERS',
COOPERS',
MACHINISTS',
BLACKSMITHS',
TURPENTINE,
AND
SADLERS' TOOLS,
to which we invite particular attention.
—ALSO—
50 kegs Horse Shoes,
100 kegs Cut and Wrought Nails,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Rims,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Spokes,
100 setts Buggy and Wagon Hubs and Axles,
100 Ladies and Gents' Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Whips, Collars, &c.
200 Bags Shot,
50 kegs Powder,
Hand, Cross Cut and Circular Saws,
Leather and Rubber Belting,
Bar and Sheet Iron and Lead,
Tin and Hollow Ware.

We have and are constantly receiving
Ploughs, Shovels,
Hoes, Axes, Forks,
Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, &c.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
"QUEEN OF THE SOUTH" COOK STOVE.
—ALSO—
AGENTS FOR
FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM & COUNTER SCALES,
AND
EVAN'S & WATSONS
CELEBRATED FIRE &
BUGLAR-PROOF SAFES,
which we sell at manufacturer's prices.
Newbern, N. C., Oct., 17, 1865 61-3m.

Selling Off
OUR LARGE STOCK
OF
Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes, Hats,
Groceries,
Liquors, etc., etc.,
as cheap as those advertising to sell
AT COST!
No gammon or nonsense.
We will not be undersold.
"The proof of the pudding," &c.
KELLOGG WHEELER & CO.,
(OLD STAND OF S. H. YOUNG.)
Dec, 13rd, 1865 107 tf.

Stop the Thief.

STOLEN FROM MY STABLES, ON THE NIGHT of the 11th inst., my dark Clay Bank Mare. She is ten years old, with black mane and tail, and a well formed animal—the best animal in the country. She was newly shod; her weathers are very low for an animal not having fistula. I will give fifty dollars for the Mare and fifty dollars for the thief. She was carried no doubt, to Raleigh.

J. D. HAYS.
Dec 13-107—2tpd.

COTTON FACTORY FOR SALE.

WE WILL SELL THE "GRANITE SHOAL Cotton Factory", consisting of one full set of Carding and Spinning machines, all in first rate order and as good as new, capable of turning off 100 bunches Yarn every 24 hours. The water power is one of the best and most secure from danger of high water on the Catawba River, is seven miles below "Catawba Station" on Western North Carolina Rail Road, 35 miles west of Salisbury, and 35 from Charlotte. A first rate farm of 370 acres, 100 of which is in cultivation, will be sold with the Factory if desired.

There are 2 two story dwelling houses and store house, and necessary number of cottages to accommodate the operatives. For particulars, call on

CLARK & POWELL,
Catawba Station, N C.
December 14, 1865-108-10t.

Just Received,

800 setts Plates,
400 setts Cups and Saucers,
Bar Decanters,
Bar Tumblers,
Bar Bitters Bottles,
Kerosene Lamps and Chimneys,
at 41 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.,
by D. T. CARRAWAY,
WITH HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh, November 25-93-tf.

For Sale.

PRINTING MATERIALS, TYPE AND FIXtures and a large size single cylinder Hoe Power Press, 47 X 33 inches, and an excellent 5-horse Engine, in good running order. Apply to

W H. CUNINGGIM, Agent.
December 13, 1865-106-tf.

Classical and Mathematical School.

14 miles East of Raleigh.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL WILL commence on the 15th of January, 1866. Board $15 per month. Tuition $30 per session. Lights extra.

Address the Principal at Raleigh.
WM. C. DOUB, Principal.
Dec 13 106-3w.

Classical and Mathematical
VALLY HO, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION OF THE
opens on the 2nd Monday in January
The price of board and tuition
dollars. Address the principal at Oxford.
T. J. HORNE
Princ
Dec. 11 105 3w.

Hillsboro N. C. Military Acade

THE SIXTH SESSION [five months] OF
Academy will begin on Monday, the 1st day of
uary, 1866.
Circulars furnished on application to:
J. B. WHITE,
Superintenden
Hillsboro, Dec. 8, 1865 5ws.
Standard will please copy.

A LARGE AND GENERAL STOCK
OF
GOODS AT COST
ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BE
STOCKS OF GOODS IN THE
STATE.

WE WILL SELL THE REMAINDER OF
third New and Large Stock of Staple and
cy DRY GOODS, HATS, SHOES AND NOTION
AT COST!
Commencing Monday, December 11th, for the
pose of making room for our Spring purchases.
Goods shall be sold at Cost.
No sham or humbug about what we intend
do. Give us a call, and be convinced of the fact.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Raleigh, December 13 106-8t

LOUISBURG
FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUT will begin on the second Wednesday in Janu 1866.

Louisburg is in Franklin County, N. C., nine mi from Franklinton Station, on the Raleigh and Gas Railroad.

Between these points there is a daily stage li connecting with trains going North and South.

The community in which the College is located, noted for health, social refinement, intelligence christian morality.

Boarding pupils will be treated as members of President's family, and their physical welfare, in health and sickness, will receive at tent attentio

The course of study requisite for graduation, be extensive; grade of scholarship, high; instruction, thorough and systematic. Parents are reques to instruct their daughters, not to pursue more ones or two extra studies in connection with the lege course.

Pupils will have access to a good library, and joy the benefit of lectures with apparatus for illus ting the experimental sciences.

Government of the pupils will be mild and pers sive, but firm and decided.

Strict attention will be paid the moral and religi culture.

No uniform will be required for the present. travagance in dress will not be encouraged. Pup will not be permitted to contract debts.

Books and stationery will be furnished at the C lege.

Charges will be the same as those adopted in Greensboro Female College before the war, viz:
Board, per session of 5 months, exclusive of washing and lights, $80
Tuition in regular course including Latin, 20

EXTRA STUDIES.
Music on Piano and Guitar, each, 20
French and Drawing, each, 10
Painting in Oil, 20
Needle Work, 5

The above charges, to be paid in specie, or its equi alent in currency. One half in advance; the mainder at the close of the session. Each pupil furnish one pair of sheets, and pillow cases, and t els.

T. M. JONES.
Dec. 13-106-tf.

SELLING OUT AT COST.

BEING DESIROUS OF MAKING ROOM FOR Spring Goods, I now offer to the citizens of R eigh and surrounding country, the remainder of stock, consisting of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes Gents, Ladies and Misses' Ready-made Clothi Hats, Hosiery and Notions of all kinds.

M. ROSENBAUM,
Pomeroy's Old Stand.
Raleigh, December 13-107—1w.

Goods at Cost,
CONSISTING IN PART OF
Merinos, Delaines,
Alpaccas, Prints,
Irish and Pillow Case Linen, Table Cloths,
Napkins, Domestics,
Nansook, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
Hoop Skirts, Balmorals,
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, etc., etc.

These goods are all new, having been purcha during the last season. My old customers and public generally are invited to call and examine.

JAMES McKIMMON.
Raleigh, December 14-108-1w.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!!

Please your Children, Sweethearts, Wives, Husbands.

CALL AT PH. THIEM'S STORE AND EXAMI the largest and handsomest Stock of Fa Goods, Toys and Confectioneries of all descriptio
$10,000 worth of Fancy Goods.
$ 6,000 worth of Toys and Confectionaries.
$10,000 worth of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c.
FOR CHRISTMAS OFFERING
which will be sold at the lowest prices.
CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMI
CALL AND EXAMINE
PH. THIEM'S Beautiful Stock of
CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.
Great inducements to persons wishing to by wholesale.
PH. THEI
December 14-108-tf.

House and Lot for Rent.

WILL BE RENTED AT TOWLES' AUCTI and Commission House, on Saturday, De ber 16th, unless rented privately, that House and Lot on Hargett Street, in the city of eigh, formerly the residence of Wesley Whitaker, deceased. The house contains five good rooms, elusive of a large and comfortable Attic; and the a large yard, with all necessary out houses, and an acre of excellent garden ground.

Terms, cash in advance.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Auctio
Raleigh, December 13 107-4tpd.

PROPOSITION TO CULTIVATE COTTON ON SHAR

TO ANY ONE WHO WILL FURNISH Laborers, I will offer very favorable cultivate 5 0 Acres in Cotton, of as good land is in Edgecombe County. The land, [illegible] ions for men and beast, with the [illegible] the best managers already secured, and my sonal superintendence will [illegible] bor, giving a liberal share of the [illegible] use of guano 4 0 bales Cotton, [illegible] can be made with an average season.

Proposition open till 1st of January,

JNO. L. DANCY,
December 13-107-3t

[illegible] WM. BAKER. CHARLES E. BAKER.

Baker Brothers & Co.,

Manufacturers, Importers and Agents for
BALTIMORE WINDOW GLASS.
Druggists Glassware, Vials Bottles, Jars, &c.
BICARB. SODA, SAL SODA, BORAX, ALUM,
and other Chemicals
Paints, Oils, Glue,
Extract of Logwood, Castile Soap, &c., &c.
No. 32 and 34 S. Charles St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Nov. 20-88 3m.

J. D. FLANNER,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT,

Old County Wharf,
Foot of Craven Street,
NEW BERNE, N. C.
October 30-69-3mos.

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,
GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

79 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Cloth Naval Stores, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Orders solicited for the purchase of Goods.

☞ *All consignments to us are covered by Insurance as soon as shipped, on all Rail Roads, and from all shipping ports, through to New York, whether advice of shipment is received or not.*

☞ Consignments solicited. ☜

Thos. J. Sumner,	Charlotte,	N C
Daniel Worth,	Company Shops,	"
S. G. Murphy,	New York City,	
Robert R. Swepson,	" "	
G. W. Swepson,	Haw River;	N C
C. P. Mendenhall,	Greensboro,	"

October 26, 1865-69 tf.

COUMONT, BROOKS & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 8 South William Street,
NEW YORK.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
Represented by
COL. P. FOSTER, Exchange Hotel.
73-2m. Raleigh N. C.

JOHN F. FOARD,

COMMISSION, AUCTION AND FORWARDING *MERCHANT,*
AND AGENT FOR
Selling or Leasing Real Estate,
NEAR OLD COUNTY WHARF
NEWBERN N. C.

REFERENCES.

A T Jerkins, President Bank of Commerce, Newbern; Dr W J Hawkins, late Pres't of R & R R; Hon N Boyden, Pres't of N C R R Salisbury; Col Wm Johnston, Pres't Charlotte & S C R R, Charlotte; Hon J M Morehead Greensboro; Rev Dr Deems Raleigh and Rev W E Pell, editor of *Sentinel* at Raleigh Oct 28-71-tf.

C. J. Iredell & Co.,

DEALERS IN
Confectioneries, Fruits, Nuts, Cakes, Toys, &c
At No. 1 Fayetteville St., N. C. Book Store.
RALEIGH, N. C.

HAVE JUST OPENED A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT of French and Common Candies, Oranges Lemons Apples, Raisins Citron, Currants Dates, Cocoanuts, Water, Soda and Sugar Crackers, Currant Jelly, &c.

-ALSO-

A fine assortment of French and German Toys School Satchels, and boys' Tops, of every style and description.

Friends are respectfully invited to call. All will be pleasantly received and promptly waited on.

October 31st, 1865-71-tf.

Winston's Reports.

LAW	Reports, June Term,		1864,	$2 25
Equity	"	"	"	75
Law	"	Oct & Dec. Terms,	"	2 25
Equity	"	December	"	75

BRANSON & FARRAR.
Raleigh, Nov 25-83-tf.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE THAT well known establishment, the MACON HOUSE, Morehead City, N. C. It is admirably located in view of the sea, has ample accommodation, and is especially adapted to a summer business. Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine the premises, or address

T. L. HALL,
Morehead City.
Dec. 5-101-2w.

$50 Reward!

HORSE STOLEN.

FROM THE STABLE OF THE SUBSCRIBER, 14 miles southeast of Raleigh, on the Smithfield and Wake Forest Road, on the night of the 14th instant, a sorrel mare, 15 or 16 hands in height, blaze face, thin mane and tail, three of her feet white, newly shod all round, and moves with a very short quick trot, a little stiff in the right fore leg. She was traced to Raleigh, at which place she was lost sight of. A liberal reward will be given for her return to me, or for any information that may lead to her recovery.

JOSEPH BLAKE.
Dec. 5-101-tf.

School for Boys.

REV. DR. LACY, Principal.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS SCHOOL WILL BE resumed at the school-rooms, north of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, on the first Thursday in January.

Every effort will be made to give boys a thorough preparation for College or for business, and to secure proficiency in each department of study.

Terms made known upon application to the Principal. Payment half in advance. Session, twenty-one weeks. 106—Sawtljanpd.

Notice.

ON TUESDAY THE 19TH DECEMBER, I WILL sell to the highest bidder on a credit of twelve months at my residence 10 miles east of Raleigh, about 200 head of hogs consisting of sows and pigs, shoats, cattle, horses and mules, and many other articles.

Dec. 9-104-tds. N. PRICE.

Wake Forest College.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS COLLEGE will be resumed on Friday, the 12th of January 1866. Students of all grades—Academic as well as Collegiate—will be admitted. For circulars containing particulars, address

REV. W. ROYALL, Secretary of Faculty.
Forestville, N. C.
November 22-95-6w.

Selling at Cost!

$20,000 WORTH OF DRY GOODS,
consisting of
MERINOS, DELAINES,
ALPACCAS, POPLINS,
ENGLISH & FRENCH CALICOES,
CURTAIN CALICO,
FRENCH W'KD HDK'FS & COLLARS,
BUTTONS, TAPES, &c., &c.

-ALSO-

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS, LADIES' HATS, OIL CLOTHS, LADIES' SHOES, HOSIERY, &c.

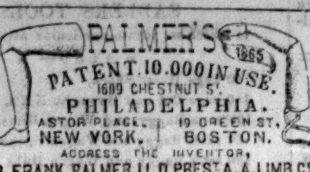
A very large assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING.
Suits $20 to $85.
Ladies' CLOAKS, from $7 to $22.

-ALSO-

20,000 CIGARS---$16 to $41 per thousand.

☞ The attention of country merchants is called to this advertisement, as they can supply themselves with goods at New York cost.

GOLDSTEIN & WILSONS'
AT J. C. PALMER'S Store.
RALEIGH, Nov. 29th, 1865-96 tf


PALMER'S
1865
PATENT 10.000 IN USE.
1609 CHESTNUT ST.
PHILADELPHIA.
ASTOR PLACE. NEW YORK.
19 GREEN ST. BOSTON.
ADDRESS THE INVENTOR,
B. FRANK. PALMER. LL.D. PREST. A. A. LIMB. Co.

These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world, the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS (or "First Prizes") including the Great Medals of the World's Exhibition in London and New York; also the most Honorary Report of the great Society of Surgeons of Paris, giving his Pate ts place above the ENGLISH AND FRENCH.

Dr Palmer gives personal attention to the business of his profession, aided by men of the best qualifications and greatest experience. He is specially commissioned by the Government and has the patronage of the prominent Officers of the Army and Navy. Six Major-Generals and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the PALMER LIMBS on active duty, while still greater numbers of eminent civilians are, by their aid, filling important positions, and effectually conceal their misfortune.

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis.

To avoid the imposition of Piratical Copyists, apply only to DR. PALMER, as above directed, or to his Agent,

GEO H TAYLOR,
Newbern, N. C.
Dec 5-10 -tf.

Town Property.

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE INCLUDING 18 Rooms with 3 acres of Land attached, and fronting Main Street, in the town of Oxford, is offered for sale.

The beauty and eligibility of the location the excellence of the water, and the convenience to schools of highest grade, combine to render this one of the most desirable residences in the State.

JOHN A WILLIAMS,
Oxford, N. C.
Dec 11-105-eod 3t.

BRANSON & FARRAR,

PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS,
NO 40 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND AN ASSORTMENT of Standard Books, and the latest publications, consisting of Theological, Historical, and Miscellaneous Books with a large supply of SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

Call and see. Orders will be promptly filled if kept on hand will be at once obtained, if to be had in the United States.

They also act as Agents for the purchase or sale of any goods in their line of business.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

THE AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY has deposited with us a large number of Bibles and Testaments for *Sale* or *Donation* at Society rates

BRANSON & FARRAR.

AMONG OUR STOCK may be found Copy Books, Slates, Chalk Crayons Slate Pencils, &c.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

[illegible] LS,

Writing Charts, Spelling Charts, and other improvements for Schools

BRANSON & FARRAR

MAPS! MAPS!!

Large Map of North Carolina,	$10 0
Pocket Map of North Carolina,	1 0
Pocket Map of Virginia	2 2
Pocket Map of the United States,	2 0

BRANSON & FARRAR.

STATIONERY.

Foolscap, Letter Paper, Note Paper Pens, Pencils, Envelopes, Arnold's Writing Fluid, also the Spencerian Fluid.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

JUVENILE BOOKS.

Illustrated, of great variety in styles and prices.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

SHEET MUSIC

constantly kept on hand. Also, Blank Books made to order.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

BOOK BINDING.

Of all kinds, done at short notice, and in the very best style.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

Just from the Press,

MARY BARKER,

A thrilling narrative of early life among the Indians of North Carolina. From the gifted pen of "Charlie Vernon."

The book is 72 pages, elegantly printed Price per hundred $20. Single copies 30 cents.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

☞ The usual deductions made to the Trade.
☞ Call for Catalogues, containing prices.

BRANSON & FARRAR,
October 3-9-tf. Raleigh N. C.

For Rent at Auction.

ALL OF THE PROPERTY BELONGING TO THE Neuse Manufacturing Company, embracing GRIST MILL, SAW MILL AND FARM.

It will be offered to the highest bidder on the premises, Saturday, 16th inst., at 12 o'clock. Possession given January 1st, 1866. Terms made known on day of sale.

SION H ROGERS,
W H CROW,
J D ROYSTER.
Dec 12-103 5t

Members of the Legislature

CAN BE ACCOMMODATED WITH FIRST class Board and Lodging, or Table Board on application at C. J. IREDELL & CO.
No 1 Fayetteville Street, N. C. Book Store.
Nov 28 96 3w. Raleigh, N. C.

NEW ARRIVAL

OF

Drugs Medicines,
Paints

Oils, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Wines, Brandy, Spices, Extracts, &c., &c.,

AT

Pescud's Drug Store,

ALL WARRANTED FRESH AND PURE,

and will be sold at reduced rates for *cash*, or in exchange for

FLAX SEED, YELLOW WAX, COTTON AND PROVISIONS.

SYRINGES, Male and Female in great variety, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPIT CUPS, for the Sick Bed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

BED PANS, Male and Female Urinals, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TRUSSES, single & double, in great variety at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PHYSICIANS' Medical Saddle Bags and Pocket cases, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PLANTATION Combs for Darkies, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

30 DOZ. Plantation Bitters very low by the case, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SOZODONT, and *Odontilene*, at reduced price, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS, that most delicate and popular perfume at reduced rates, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MAGNOLIA WATER certainly the most popular cologne introduced since the surrender—may be had at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

ADAMS' Flesh Brushes, the best known, for sale at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PURE Cod Liver Oil, various brands at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPICES of all kinds, in great variety, (whole and ground) at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

STARCH, Indigo, Fig Blue of best quality, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

KATHAIRON, Tricopherus, Cocoaine, Phalon's and Webster's Hair Invigorators, Black and White Pomatums and Phi ecome Pomades, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CHEROKEE Remedy and Female Pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HEMBOLT'S & Smolander's Extract Buchu, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

RADWAY'S Ready Relief, and R. R. Pills, and Perry Davis Pain Killer at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

AYERS', Strong's, Beckwith's, Brandreth's, Deams', Jayne's, and other popular pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MOUNT EAGLE TRIPOLI for cleansing metals of all kinds, Window Glass and Mirrors, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HECKER'S, Farina, and Corn Starch for Custards, Puddings, and Blanc Mange, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

WOLFE'S Schiedam Schnapps, Pure Old Port and Sherry Wine and Cognac Brandy, selected expressly for medical purposes at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

VERY Superior Green and Black Tea at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CANARY Bird and Hemp Seed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

COSTAR'S Rat, Insect and Bed Bug Exterminator, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TOBIA'S Condition Powders for Horses and PESCUD'S.

PURE Bermuda Arrow Root, and Cox's Gelatine at PESCUD'S.

CHLORIDE LIME in one pound bottles, at PESCUD'S.

KEROSENE Oil and Lamps, at PESCUD'S.

PURE Sperm and Sweet Oil, at PESCUD'S.

ALL kinds of Paints, dry and ground in Oil in assorted packages, at PESCUD'S.

PAINT and Whitewash Brushes, at PESCUD'S.

MUSTANG LINIMENT, McAlister's Ointment, and Gray's Ointment, at PESCUD'S.

AZAMEA and Durkees' Baking Powders, at PESCUD'S.

BATCHELOR'S and Phalon's Hair Dye, at PESCUD'S.

LUBIN'S Toilet Powder and Puffs, at PESCUD'S.

SUP. Wax Matches, at PESCUD'S.

COCHINEAL and Solution of Tin, at PESCUD'S.

CORKS for Bottles and Vials, at PESCUD'S.

ELIXIR'S Peruvian Bark and Protoxide Iron, at PESCUD'S.

HOSLETTER'S Bitters, at PESCUD'S.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery, at PESCUD'S.

Fresh Garden and Grass Seed,
OF SUPERB QUALITY,
Warranted as represented from R. BUIST, the celebrated Seedsman of Philadelphia, Growth of 1865.
at PESCUD'S.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A large supply of Garden and Grass Seed, of the most choice varieties, for sale wholesale and retail

☞ Call and get an Almanac. My friends throughout the State, can send memorandums by the members of the Legislature.

P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, Oct 26-69 tf

NOTICE.

Buying, Selling and Leasing Real Estate.

ALL Persons wishing to buy, sell, or Lease Real Estate, are invited to call upon the subscriber at his Hotel, on the corner of Wilmington and Davie streets, Raleigh, N. C., who promises to give their business his prompt attention, and spare no pains that will enable him to give entire satisfaction.

Being so well known to the citizens of Raleigh and Wake County, the undersigned hopes they will not hesitate to put their business in his hands.

GEORGE T. COOKE,
Agent for Wake Co. of the Pioneer Land Office.
sep 1, 1865-54-tf.

JOHN S. DANCY, (Of Tarboro, N. C.) JOHN H. HYMAN (Late of Scotland Neck, N. C.)
F. M. HYMAN, (Late of Warrenton, N. C.)

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

Commission and Purchasing Merchants.
No 86 Cedar Street, New York.

HAVING RESUMED OUR OLD BUSINESS, WE are now prepared to receive all kinds of Produce, and to make purchases of Goods and supplies for our friends.

Dr. JOHN ARRINGTON, late of Warrenton, N. C., can be found with us, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends.

FORWARDING AGENTS:

W. H. McRARY & CO., Wilmington N. C.
HUGHES & DILL, Newbern, N. C
GEORGE H BROWN, Washington, N. C.
SMITH & BRO, Norfolk, Va.
Nov. 13-82-6m.

Mrs. Reid's Rheumatic Ointment.

INDIAN TOWN, Currituck Co. N. C., Oct. 17, '65.

MRS. S. A. REID:—I take pleasure in stating that I have found *great relief* in the use of your RHEUMATIC OINTMENT.

After suffering *fifteen years*, and trying every remedy, I could get, I used your Ointment three weeks only.

As I could not get it after the mails were stopped I have been unable to give it a fair trial, but have suffered very little pain since, and now *walk without a stick*, which I have not done for 8 or 10 years.

Very truly yours,
J. F. GARRENTON.

For sale by

D. T. CARRAWAY,	**Raleigh, N. C.**
W H Lippitt,	Wilmington, N. C
S J Hinsdale,	Fayetteville, "
Primrose & Dillingham,	Newbern, "
Dr J T Walsh	Kinston "
M A & C A Santos,	Norfolk, Va.

75 tf

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS

FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

GRANVILLE CO., N. C.

FALL SESSION OPENS ON THE 1ST WEDNESday in October.

TERMS, per Session, payable in United States Currency:

Board, Washing and general Tuition, including the entire English course,	$100 00
Music, Piano and Guitar, each,	20 00
Ancient and Modern Languages, each,	10 00
Drawing and Painting, each,	15 00
Embroidery and Pellis Wax Work,	10 00

Each young lady will bring with her one pair of sheets and pillow cases, and her towels.

For other particulars address

Rev C B RIDDICK,
Kittrell's Springs, N. C.
October 2-48 3m.

H. C. WHEELER,
OF SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA,
WITH
JAMES PALMER & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN
Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.
No. 439 Market Street,
Philadelphia.
Nov 11 81 6m.

Farriss' Column.

I. X. L.

C. M. FARRISS,

Has just returned from the North with a new Stock of

FALL GOODS,

Selected expressly for this market, consisting in part of

BEAVER CLOTHS,
BROADCLOTHS,
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CASSIMERES,
SILK MIXED CASSIMERES,
TRICOT CASSIMERES,
BLUE CLOTHS.

CASSIMERES OF ALL COLORS!

CORDUROY,
BLACK SILK VELVETS,
GLOVES AND SCARFS.

SHIRTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!

ARMY HATS,
NAVY CAPS,
HALF HOSE,
SUSPENDERS,
HANDKERCHEIFS, NECK TIES,
LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS,
SHOULDER STRAPS,
MILITARY BUTTONS,
AND LACES
SCARF PINS,
SHOES OF ALL KINDS,
TRUNKS AND VALISES.

MERCHANT TAILORING

Done in the very best style by C. M. FARRISS and his Superb Cutter, MR. GRIFFITH.

Suits of every description made to order at the shortest notice and in the very best manner.

☞ What you do not see in my Store, order and you shall have it in the quickest possible time.

C. M. FARRISS.
Raleigh, August 28, 1865. 28-tf

S. D. WALLACE. J. B. SOUTHERLAND

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Office over A. E. Hall's Store,
No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,
Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.

Sep. 6, 1865 26-tf.

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. P. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.

SHAFER & NORWOOD,

Commission Merchants,
No. 5 Water Street, NEW YORK.
Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited.

☞ Order from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and individual attention.

REFER TO

Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; McIlwaine, Son & Co, Donnans and Johnson, Martin & Tannahill, Petersburg, Va; E A Vogler, Esq, Salem, N C; R P Richardson, Rockingham Co, N C; Seymour Steel, Greensboro, N C; E Wilkes, Superintendent N C R R. 67-6m.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN CLOTHS AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY ANnounces to his friends and patrons, and to the Members of the Legislature, and to strangers visiting the City, that he continues to carry on the

TAILORING BUSINESS

at his old stand, where he will be happy to see them and sell them great bargains in his line. He would also call the attention of those of the Military Department wishing to purchase clothing, uniforms or citizens' dress, to the fact that they will find great bargains. In style and taste they cannot be surpassed by any in this city or any other. He deems it unnecessary to say any thing of his own skill in the Tailoring business, but it will suffice to say that his experience has not been for a few years only, but for the last 35 years. He therefore solicits a liberal patronage. Prompt attention will be given to persons wishing to have cutting done. Orders from a distance will be thankfully received and promptly attended to. Call at store No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

MRS. FENTRESS has opened a Boarding House next door, about 150 yards from the Capitol, where she will entertain members of the Legislature or transient Boarders.

Nov. 16-85 1m. T. R. FENTRESS, Merchant Tailor.

JOHN HUGHES,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NEWBERN, N. C.
50-3m-pd.

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Stores and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandise, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.

Greensboro, Nov. 12 82-tf.

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY call attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of the City, and the public generally, to a large and beautiful stock of goods comprising every thing that is needful to complete a wardrobe.

For cheapness there is none that can compete with the house of Messrs. Bowen & Randall No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C. Call and examine his goods before you purchase elsewhere, and my word for it you will find cheap goods.

A new supply of goods has just been received and he will continue to receive them by every steamer that arrives.

The strictest attention will be paid by Mr. Bowen the proprietor, and his clerks, to those who give him a call.

Make no mistake. Be certain to call at the store No. 15 Fayetteville Street, on the corner of the vacant square.

T. R. FENTRESS,
No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Nov. 16 85-1m.

THE

Underwriters' Agency

OF NEW YORK,
CASH ASSETS,
Three Million Dollars
Issue Policies of
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negotiable and Bankable
CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE
Are issued by this Association.
JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

PALMER, HARTSOOK & CO.,

WHOLESALE
Auction and Commission House,
Cary and Dock Libby Buildings,
RICHMOND, VA.
☞ GOODS SOLD by PACKAGE ONLY.
Proprietors U. S. Bonded Warehouse, No 1.

GEO S PALMER, late of Wadsworth, Turner & Co.
DAN'L J HARTSOOK, late of Howardsville, Va.
WM. B. ISAACS, of Wm. B. Isaacs & Co., Bankers
October 6 52 3mos.

ALFRED R. BENNETT, JAS. C. VAN PELT, New York. CHAS. H. BENNETT, Raleigh, N. C.

BENNETT, VAN PELT & CO.,

Commission Merchants
FOR THE SALE OF
Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.,
ALSO, FOR THE
Purchase and Sale of State and Other STOCKS,
23 Whitehall Street, New-York.

We have associated with us Mr. D. W. Courts, late Public Treasurer for North Carolina.

Aug 30. 20-tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, N. C.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT
Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,
W. B Gulick, *Cashier.*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms.

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina. 56-ly.

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE

Insurance Company,

OF
New Orleans, Lousiana,
CAPITAL, - - - - $565 000

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. This company was organized in January, 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz: Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange. L. W. PECK, Agent.
Raleigh, Nov. 3 54 tf.

Change of Time.

R & G RAILROAD COMPANY,
Superintendent's Office,
Raleigh, N. C., November 4, '65.

Change of Schedule

On and after November 6th, 1865, the trains will run as follows:

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Leave Raleigh,	4 30	A. M.
Arrive Gaston,	10 30	"

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Leave Gaston,	2 15	P. M.
Arrive Raleigh,	8 15	"

This train connects with all the trains between Greensboro and New York. Passengers by this line have no delays between those points

ALBERT JOHNSON,
76-tf. Superintendent.

☞ Progress, Petersburg Express and Richmond Times copy till forbid.

M. J. Moore,
Of Stokes County, N. C.
WITH

Hood, Bonbright & C.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
Philadelphia.
No. 529 Market Street.
Nov. 9 79-6m.

J. W. ATKINSON & CO.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
AND
Agents for

SECURITY FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMpany, New York.

Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.
Peabody Fire Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Maryland Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Wilmington, N. C., Sep. 16 35-6m pd.

W. H. McRARY & CO,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Wilmington, N. C.,

HAVE recently been appointed Agents of the State of North Carolina, of the PACIFIC GUANO COMPANY, and also Agents of the UNADULTERATED FLOUR OF BONE COMPANY.

We expect a supply of these invaluable Fertilizers in a short time and solicit orders for the same from our old customers and farmers generally.

Dec. 6 102-1m.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

DENTIST

RALEIGH, N. C.,
[*Office Over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.*]

INFORMS the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding counties that he has opened an office at the above well known stand, and is prepared to cleanse, extract and fill, and to insert artificial Teeth, from one to an entire set, on the most improved principles of practice

☞ He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

aug 14---tlst Jan

J. D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W DILL, W. G. WHITFORD.

WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,

Shipping, Receiving, Forwarding, and
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.
Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.
AGENTS FOR
MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES
BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.
General Vessel Agents.
November 29 96 ly

JAS. F. PURVIS, ISAAC F. PURVIS,
JAS. F. PURVIS, JR. NATHAN H. CRAWFORD.

PURVIS & COMPANY,

Bankers,
No. 192 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.

WE TRANSACT THE
GENERAL BANKING, EXCHANGE,
MERCANTILE COLLECTION,
AND
STOCK COMMISSION BUSINESS,
In all their several departments

We buy and sell, and are prepared to furnish at all times, Government Bonds and Securities, in sums to suit.

We give special attention to Collections, which we are prepared to make, on all accessible points, on the most reasonable terms

Deposits received, and interest allowed on Current Balances, according to special agreement.

Nov 16-85-6m. PURVIS & CO.

The Bingham School

MEBANESVILLE, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION BEGINS MARCH 7TH, 1866, and continues forty weeks. For terms, address,

WM. BINGHAM,
Nov. 17-86-tlst jan. Mebanesville, N. C.

JACOB KULL & SONS,

PETERSBURG, VA.,
Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.
November 23-91-6m-pd.

To Rail Road Companies.

WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE of Taw's Celebrated Car Grease, for lubricating the Axles of Rail Road Cars. We have on sale eight Barrels Canary Yellow Rail Road Car Grease.

Also 20 kegs Axle Grease for greasing the axles of waggons, carts, &c. Also a lot of Taw's patent Harness Dubbing for greasing harness, and a lot of Buggy axle grease.

J. LONG & CO.
Greensboro, October 6-52-tf.

LORILLARD

FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,

OF THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.
Cash Capital and Assets, : $1,317,000.
C. NORWOOD, Pres't, JNO C MILLS, Sec'y.

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel.

November 22-90-tf.
☞ *Standard* copy till forbid.

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO THE LEGislature for the incorporation of "Kittrell's Springs Female Collegiate Institute."

Nov. 28, 1865-92-tf.